TWIN FALLS COUNTY, STATE OF IDAHO September 30, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	4
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	20
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	21
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	22
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	23
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	24
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	25
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES	26
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	27
STATEMENT OF REVENUES , EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	28
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	29
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - FIDUCIARY FUNDS	30
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	31
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	32
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	56
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND	57
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - INDIGENT FUND	65
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND	66
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	71

CONTENTS-CONTINUED

	Page
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET POSITION LIABILITY PERSI- BASE PLAN	72
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI- BASE PLAN	73
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OPTIONAL	74
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	75
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	82
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	89
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	90
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS	93 95 96 98
OTHER INFORMATION	99
TWIN FALLS COUNTY REVENUES 09-30-19 TWIN FALLS COUNTY EXPENDITURES 09-30-19 TWIN FALLS COUNTY GENERAL FUND REVENUES 09-30-19 TWIN FALLS COUNTY GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES 09-30-19 TWIN FALLS COUNTY GENERAL FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY INDIGENT FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY JUSTICE FUND BALANCE TWIN FALLS COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE	100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107
TWIN FALLS COUNTY SOLID WASTE NET POSITION TWIN FALLS COUNTY FAIR BOARD NET POSITION	108 109



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the blended component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The Twin Falls County has omitted historical pension information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability PERSI - base plan, and schedule of employer's contributions PERSI - base plan on pages 7 through 20 and 58 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statement that collectively comprise Twin Falls County basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2020, on our consideration of the Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ware & associates

Twin Falls, Idaho January 13, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTS AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Falls County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Twin Falls County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls County's internal internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Twin Falls County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficience, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Falls County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Twin Falls County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware + associates

Twin Falls, Idaho January 13, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

Twin Falls County's Management's Discussion and Analysis

As Management of Twin Falls County, we offer readers of the Twin Falls County's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Twin Falls County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our annual audit prepared by Ware & Associates.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Twin Falls County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$71,250,540 (net position). Of this amount, \$45,457,781 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. (see page 22 of audit)
- Twin Falls County's net position increased by \$4,942,686. This increase is attributable to more cash in the custody of the treasurer and more property and equipment.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$48,974,257 an increase of \$4,269,976 in comparison with the prior year. The amount available for spending at the County's discretion is \$48,974,257, the total unreserved fund balance. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)
 - In the General Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$3,452,981
 - In the Indigent Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$170,437
 - In the Justice Fund, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$467,464
 - Other Governmental Funds, revenue exceeded expenditures by \$489,535
 - The general fund (current expense) transferred \$4,465,144 to the capital projects fund for future capital construction projects.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Twin Falls County's basic financial statements. Twin Falls County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Twin Falls County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Twin Falls County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Twin Falls County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected delinquent taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Twin Falls County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Twin Falls County include general government, public safety, sanitation, health and welfare, recreational and cultural and education. The business-type activities of Twin Falls County include Solid Waste and Fair Board.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Twin Falls County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Twin Falls County can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Twin Falls County maintains sixty-six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, indigent fund, justice fund, and capital project fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other sixty governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Twin Falls County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds except internal services funds and fiduciary funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. Twin Falls County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Solid Waste and Fair Board operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Solid Waste and Fair Board operations, which is considered to be major funds of Twin Falls County.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Twin Falls County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary fund is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statement. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Twin Falls County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$71,250,540 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

One of the largest portions of Twin Falls County's net position (37%) reflects its investment in capital position (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Government	al a	ctivities		Business	activ	vities	Total			
	2019			2018		2019		2018	 2019		2018	
Current and other assets	\$	54,746,319	\$	49,983,136	\$	5,276,501	\$	4,739,744	\$ 60,022,820	\$	54,722,880	
Capital assets		20,452,841		20,233,440		3,962,163		3,974,808	24,415,004		24,208,248	
Total assets	_	75,199,160		70,216,576	_	9,238,664		8,714,552	 84,437,824		78,931,128	
Current liabilities		1,515,211		1,245,586		17,272		55,224	1,532,483		1,300,810	
Long-term liabilities		11,433,117		11,557,088		221,684		117,278	11,654,801		11,674,366	
Total liabilities		12,948,328		12,802,674		238,956		172,502	 13,187,284		12,975,176	
Net position: Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		20,361,696		20,135,565		3,873,395		3,970,282	24.235.091		24,105,847	
Restricted		5				1,557,668		1,523,486	1,557,668		1,523,486	
Unrestricted		41,889,136	v	37,278,337	_	3,568,645		3,048,282	 45,457,781		40,326,619	
Total net position	\$	62,250,832	\$	57,413,902	\$	8,999,708	\$	8,542,050	\$ 71,250,540	\$	65,955,952	

Twin Falls County's Net Position September 30, 2019

An additional portion of Twin Falls County's net assets (0.0%) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$45,457,781) may be used to meet the county's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its business-type activities.

The County's net position increased by \$5,294,588 during the fiscal year. This increase is attributable to more cash in the custody of the treasurer and less property and equipment.

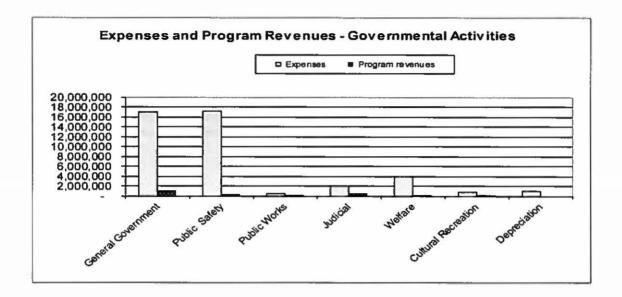
Financial Analysis of the Government as a Whole

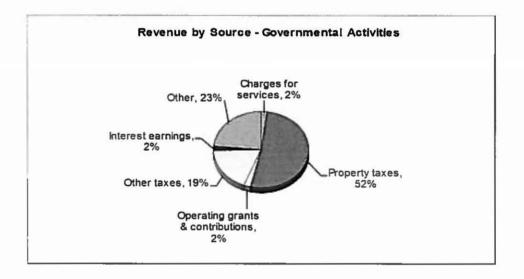
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased Twin Falls County's total net position by \$4,836,930.

The following schedule outlines the changes in net position: (see page 23 and 29 of audit)

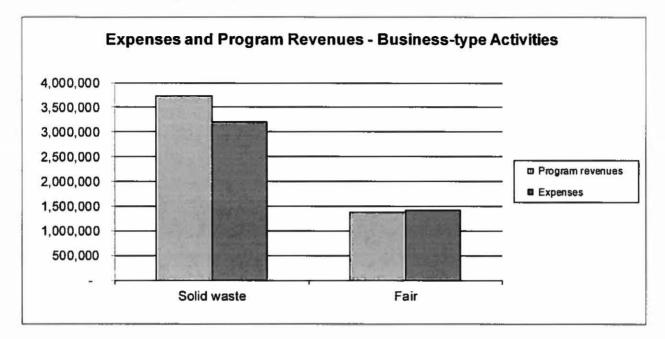
Twin Falls County's Changes in Net Position

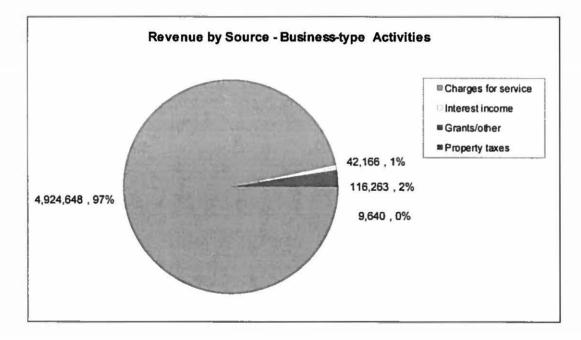
	Government	al a	activities	Business	8 8	ctivities	Total				
	 2019		2018	2019	_	2018		2019		2018	
Revenues		_									
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 932,210	\$	960,014	\$ 4,924,648	\$	4,912,913	\$	5,856,858	\$	5,872,927	
Operating grants and contributions	1,007,669		1,127,649	=		-		1,007,669		1,127,649	
Capital grants and contributions										-	
General revenues:											
Property taxes	24,353,713		21,973,182	116,263		101,278		24,469,976		22,074,460	
Other taxes	8,788,857		7,188,996			-		8,788,857		7,188,996	
Grants and contributions not				-		-					
restricted to specific programs	653,682		619,813	-				653,682		619,813	
Interest earnings	940,970		670,740	42, 166		37,590		983,136		708,330	
Other	10,404,313		8,487,139	9,640		-		10,413,953		8,487,139	
Total revenues	 47,081,414		41,027,533	5,092,717		5,051,781	-	52,174,131		46,079,314	
Expenses											
General Government	17,008,593		16,810,482	•		~		17,008,593		16,810,482	
Public safety	17,206,540		16,130,274	-		-		17,206,540		16,130,274	
Public works	380,159		216,488	9 - 0				380,159		216,488	
Judicial	2,027,048		1,357,697	-				2,027,048		1,357,697	
Welfare	3,972,287		3,833,881	-				3,972,287		3,833,881	
Cultual and recreation	706,678		95,725	-		-		706,678		95,725	
Depreciation	943,179		905,038	-		-		943,179		905,038	
Solid waste				3,210,700		2,384,125		3,210,700		2,384,125	
Twin Falls County Fair				1,424,359		1,411.720		1,424,359		1,411,720	
Total expenses	 42,244,484		39,349,585	4,635,059		3,795,845		46,879,543		43,145,430	
Increase (decrease) in net position	4,836,930		1,677,948	457,658		1,255,936		5,294,588		2,933,884	
Net position - beginning	 57,413,902	_	55,735,954	8,542,050		7,286,114		65,955,952	_	63,022,068	
Net position - ending	\$ 62,250,832	\$	57,413,902	\$ 8,999,708	5	8,542,050	\$	71,250,540	\$	65,955,952	





Business-type activities. Business-type activities (Solid Waste and Fair Board) net assets increased during the year by \$457,658. This was primarily due to an increase in revenue for fees charged to operate and maintain the landfill.





As noted earlier, Twin Falls County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Twin Falls County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County's governmental funds report combined ending fund balances of \$48,947,257an increase of \$2,610,056 in comparison with the prior year. \$4,269,976, of this constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The reminder of fund balance (\$0) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$13,860,580, while the total fund balance reached \$13,860,580. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures.

The fund balance, of the County's general fund; decreased by \$1,012,163 during the current fiscal year. Revenue exceeded expenditures by \$3,452,981. (see page 26 of audit) Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Property tax revenues of the general fund decreased by \$94,018
- Intergovernmental revenue in the general fund increased by \$1,641,271
- The general fund (current expense) transferred \$4,465,144 to the capital projects fund for future capital construction projects.

The Indigent Fund has a total fund balance of \$3,383,672 which is to be used for providing services to indigent persons according to Idaho statute. Revenues in this fund increased by \$317,779 over the prior year, and total expenditures decreased \$208,342 over the prior year. (see page 24 and 26 of audit)

The Justice Fund had a total fund balance of \$8,241,987, which is used for judicial services, the prosecutor, public defender, jail, TARC, juvenile probation and juvenile detention. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$460,744. Revenues in this fund increased by \$1,513,875 over the prior year. Total expenditures increased by \$685,535, over the prior year. (see page 24 and 26 of audit).

Proprietary funds. Twin Falls County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the year were \$3,454,422. The change in net position consisted of an increase of \$513,752.

Unrestricted net position for the Fair Board at the end of the year were \$114,223. The change in net position consisted of a decrease of \$56,094.

Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final budget are summarized below:

- Increased the budgeted amount in the Sheriff's B budget by \$50,000 due to unforeseen upgrading of the records management software to Zuercher Suite Software. The increase was appropriated from the Current Expense fund general reserve.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Solid Waste B budget by \$23,000 due to the purchase of property for the expansion at the Twin Falls Transfer Station. The increase was appropriated from the Solid Waste unexpended fund balance.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Ad Valorem B budget by \$66,100 due to unforeseen expenses due to the purchase of Mobile Assessor software. The increase was appropriated from the Ad Valorem unexpended fund balance and salary savings.
- Increased the TARC B budget by \$20,000 due to additional drug testing expenses. The increase was appropriated from the Justice Fund general reserve.
- Increased the budgeted amount in the Criminal Justice Facility B budget by \$200,000 due to unforeseen expenses in the increased inmate population which caused housing inmates out of county. The increase was appropriated from the Justice Fund general reserve.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Description of significant capital asset and long-term debt activity during the year.

Capital Projects

- 141 Morrison water line/sidewalk repaired
- 136 6th; 162 6th; 142 6th; 152 6th Avenue North demoed and removed houses
- Courthouse repaired flooring on basement steps
- County West installed TPO roof system on 3T section and A/C section
- County West installed TPO roof system on Emergency Services
- County West replaced steam boilers with aerco boilers
- County West replaced carpet for DMV hallway
- County West rebuilt one chiller
- County West remodeled Annex conference room
- County West asphalt patched
- County West sewer line restoration 1st, 2nd, 3rd floor N
- County West chip seal parking lots
- County West installed fire sprinklers in 3 modular trailers

Capital Projects- continued

- Jail completed space needs study with Lombard Conrad
- Judicial Building repaired water line
- · Judicial Building completed space needs study with Lombard Conrad
- Judicial Building fixed and replaced stucco
- Juvenile Detention fixed and replaced stucco
- Magistrate Probation built retaining wall
- Public Defender built partition walls
- Rock Creek Park replaced pavement
- TARC handicap accessible ramp
- TARC installed new furnace with A/C

Property purchased/transferred/sold in FY 2019

The county sold the following county owned property:

Date	Address	Amount
1-22-19	526 Shoup Ave W, Suite M, TF	\$155,000
7-16-19	141 Morrison, TF	\$243,716

Capital assets. Twin Falls County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2019 amounted to \$24,415,004 (Net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and machinery and equipment. (see page 45 and 46 of audit)

Twin Falls County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Governmental activities					Business	activ	lities	Total				
		2019		2019 2018		2019		2018		2019	2018		
Land	\$	2,087,444	\$	2,087,444	5	178,260	\$	178,260	\$	2,265,704	5	2,265,704	
Land improvement				-		111,327		111,327		111,327		111,327	
Buildings		16,663,450		16,852,376		1,409,640		1,345,385		18,073,090		18, 197, 761	
Machinery and equipment		1,701,947		1,293,620		109,736		109,736		1,811,683		1,403,356	
Landfill				•		2,153,200		2,230,100		2,153,200		2,230,100	
Construction in progress												+	
	\$	20,452,841	\$	20,233,440	-	\$ 3,962,163		\$ 3,974,808	\$	24,415,004	\$	24,208,248	

Long-term Debt

Contracts payable consisted of the following:

In January, 2019, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2019 Ford Transit van (Coroner). The interest rate on the contract is 4.24%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$9,125. The present value is \$33,203.

In December, 2018, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2019 Ford Transit van (Coroner). The interest rate on the contract is 4.24%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$6,505. The present value is \$18,061.

In April, 2018, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2018 Chevy Suburban (Jail). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$14,937. The present value is \$14,082.

In April, 2018, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2018 Ford Transit (magistrate probation). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$11,311. The present value is \$10,398.

In May, 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford F350 for the Weed's office. The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is payable in annual installments of \$8,289. The present value is \$15,401.

Twin Falls County Fair has a capital lease payable to Caterpillar Financial Services, Inc. The lease is due in monthly installments of \$969 including interest at 3.85% per annum until fiscal year 2023-24. The Capital lease is collateralized by a TH233C Caterpillar Telehandler. The present value is \$88,768.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Twin Falls County had no bonded debt outstanding. Twin Falls County's only debt is \$1,360,981 as of September 30, 2019, represents accrued vacation, long-term notes, and capital leases.

	Governmental activities					Business a	ctivitie	5	Total				
	_	2019		2018	2	019	20	18		2019		2018	
Accrued vacation	\$	1,181,068	\$	1,169,913	\$		\$	-	\$	1,181,068	\$	1,169,913	
Contracts payable	\$	91,145	\$	97,875	\$	88,768 68,768	\$	4,526	\$	179,913	\$	102,401	

Twin Falls County's Outstanding Debt

Economic Facts and Next Year's Budget

Description of currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position (net assets) or results of operations (revenues, expenses, and other changes in net assets)

- The National Chamber of Commerce ranked Twin Falls eighth on a list of the top 15 places to live within Idaho. The ranking was based on five factors – employment, housing, quality of life, education and health. The top three cities were Moscow, Boise and Eagle, respectively. *Source: KMVT News*
- The second annual Twin Falls Old Town Criterium returned to downtown Twin Falls this summer. The bike-racing event is a collaboration between the city of Twin Falls, Cycle Therapy and Clif Bar. Former College of Southern Idaho dean, Terry Patterson, organized the inaugural event and stepped up again this year. This year the Twin Falls Criterium hosted the Idaho State Championship Criterium. Ketchum has hosted it in previous years. Source: Times-News
- A new Women's Center to encourage women entrepreneurial enterprise chose the Twin Falls Visitor's Center for its offices. The Small Business Administration is funding three of these centers — one in Nampa, one in Boise and one in the Magic Valley. Source: Idaho Press
- The Boys and Girls Club is expanding in Twin Falls. The facility has been successful on both sides of the supply and demand equation. Private industry is funding the new \$2.1 million addition of almost 8,000 square feet, which will alleviate the long waiting list of kids who want to participate. Enrollment will move from 300 to 500 children, growing by two-thirds of its current enrollment. Construction is anticipated to be finished within a year. Source: Times-News
 - The preliminary unemployment rate in Twin Falls County for October 2019 is at 2.8% compared to the following years:
 - November 2009 was at 7.5%
 - o November 2010 was at 8.7%
 - o November 2011 was at 8.0%
 - o November 2012 was at 6.5%
 - o November 2013 was at 5.2%
 - o November 2014 was at 3.6%
 - o November 2015 was at 3.5%
 - o November 2016 was at 3.3%
 - o November 2017 was at 2.7%
 - o October 2018 was at 2.5%
 - Net Taxable Market Value for Twin Falls County increased in 2019
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2009 was \$4,308,341,085
 - o Net Taxable Market Value for 2010 was \$4,329,560,053
 - o Net Taxable Market Value for 2011 was \$4,346,492,398
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2012 was \$4,184,306,261
 - o Net Taxable Market Value for 2013 was \$4,269,667,068

- Net Taxable Market Value for Twin Falls County continued
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2014 was \$4,525,926,389
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2015 was \$4,723,136,990
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2016 was \$4,841,942,687
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2017 was \$5,441,307,547
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2018 was \$5,736,890,180
 - Net Taxable Market Value for 2019 was \$6,156,637,279
- New construction value increased in 2019
 - New Construction Value for 2009 was \$124,060,336
 - New Construction Value for 2010 was \$106,953,356
 - New Construction Value for 2011 was \$41,152,460
 - New Construction Value for 2012 was \$41,535,590
 - New Construction Value for 2013 was \$47,312,183
 - New Construction Value for 2014 was \$59,607,968
 - New Construction Value for 2015 was \$58,844,382
 - New Construction Value for 2016 was \$104,908,934
 - New Construction Value for 2017 was \$87,948,561
 - New Construction Value for 2018 was \$88,662,506
 - New Construction Value for 2019 was \$114,037,170
- The number of building permits issued increased in 2019
 - o 186 building permits were issued in 2009
 - o 233 building permits were issued in 2010
 - 176 building permits were issued in 2011
 - 210 building permits were issued in 2012
 - 188 building permits were issued in 2013
 - 182 building permits were issued in 2014
 - 235 building permits were issued in 2015
 - 228 building permits were issued in 2016
 - 245 building permits were issued in 2017
 - 230 building permits were issued in 2018
 - o 243 building permits were issued in 2019
- Twin Falls County's population continues to grow. The county's population in July of 2000 was at 64,325. Our population as of the 2010 Census was at 77,230 and our population estimate as of July 1, 2018 is 86,081.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Twin Falls County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of this information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to Kristina Glascock, Twin Falls County Clerk, 630 Addison Avenue West, P. O. Box 126, Twin Falls, Idaho 83303-0126 (208) 736-4004.

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments			
In custody of county treasurer	\$ 49,018,778	\$ 3,674,369	\$ 52,693,147
In custody of other county officials	20,259	0	20,259
Receivables			34
Property taxes	577,746	3,140	580,886
Sales tax	564,442	0	564,442
State revenue sharing	847,333	0	847,333
Due from other governments	12,411	0	12,411
Accounts	15,000	4,681	19,681
Designated cash	0	1,557,668	1,557,668
Property and equipment	20,452,841	3,962,163	24,415,004
Total assets	71,508,810	9,202,021	80,710,831
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Pension obligations	3,690,350	36,643	3,726,993
LIABILITIES			
Cash deficit	83,233	0	83,233
Accounts payable	1,429,852	4,758	1,434,610
Due to other governments	1,420,002	12,514	12,514
Accrued interest	2,126	0	2,126
Accrued vacation	1,181,068	14,764	1,195,832
Notes & capital leases payable	91,145	88,768	179,913
Net pension liability	8,565,552	94,469	8,660,021
Total liabilities	11,352,976	215,273	11,568,249
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Employee pension obligations	1,595,352	20,866	1,616,218
Unavailable revenue	0	2,817	2,817
		- 14 - M - 1	
Total deferred inflow of resources	1,595,352	23,683	1,619,035
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets, net related debt	20,361,696	3,873,395	24,235,091
Restricted	0	1,557,668	1,557,668
Unrestricted	41,889,136	3,568,645	45,457,781
Total net position	<u>\$ 62,250,832</u>	<u>\$ 8,999,708</u>	<u>\$ 71,250,540</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2019

			20		Program F	Revenues		4 Z		Net (Expense)	Reve	nue and Changes in	Net	Position
												Primary Government		
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	. <u> </u>	Expenses		harges for Services	Operati Grants : Contribut	and		Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	-	Total
Governments activities General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Depreciation Total governmental activities	s 	17,008,593 17,206,540 380,159 2,027,048 3,972,287 706,678 943,179 42,244,484	\$ 	932,210 0 0 0 0 0 0 932,210	\$ 	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 	0 341,020 15,000 502,730 28,150 120,769 0 1,007,669	[\$ [[16,076,383) 16,865,520) 365,159) 1,524,318) 3,944,137) 585,909) 943,179) 40,304,605)			(\$ (((16,076,383) 16,865,520) 365,159) 1,524,318) 3,944,137) 585,909) 943,179) 40,304,605)
Business type Solid waste Fair board Total business type activities Total Primary government	<u> </u>	3,210,700 <u>1,424,359</u> 4,635,059 <u>46,879,543</u>	<u></u>	3,689,378 <u>1,235,270</u> 4,924,648 <u>5,856,858</u>	<u>\$</u>	0 0 0	<u>\$</u>	0 0 0 1,007,669	 ; <u>\$</u>	0 0 0 40,304,605)	\$ (478,678 <u>189,089</u>) 289,589 289,589	' '	478,678 <u>189,089</u>) <u>289,589</u> 40,015,016)
		General Revenu Taxes Property taxe Sales tax Payment in-lid Revenue shat Liquor contro Grants and cont	s, levied eu ring ol act fui			rograms				24,353,713 2,567,126 1,767,402 4,454,329 653,682		116,263 0 0 0 0		24,469,976 2,567,126 1,767,402 4,454,329 653,682
		Other Plan pension re Interest and inve Miscellaneous	venue estment							0 353,262 940,970 <u>10,051,051</u> 45,141,535	(11,000 1,360) 42,166 0 168,069	_	11,000 351,902 983,136 <u>10,051,051</u> 45,309,604
		Changes in net	position	ľ						4,836,930		457,658		5,294,588
		Net position - be	eginning	1						57,413,902	_	8,542,050		65,955,952
		Net position - er	nding						<u>\$</u>	62,250,832	<u>\$</u>	8,999,708	<u>\$</u>	71,250,540

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2019

Assets and deferred outflow of resources	General	Indigent Fund	Justice Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments In custody of county treasurer In custody of other county officials Receivables Property taxes Sales tax State revenue sharing Accounts Due from other governments Total assets	\$ 12,875,766 20,259 233,658 564,442 847,333 0 0 14,541,458	\$ 3,569,003 0 48,819 0 0 2,378 3,620,200	\$ 8,521,278 0 209,977 0 0 10,033 8,741,288	\$ 17,024,980 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 17,024,980	\$ 7,027,751 0 85,292 0 0 15,000 0 7,128,043	\$ 49,018,778 20,259 577,746 564,442 847,333 15,000 12,411 51,055,969
Deferred outflow of resources	0	0	0,(+),200	0		0
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources Liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 14,541,458</u>	<u>\$ 3,620,200</u>	<u>\$8,741,288</u>	<u>\$ 17,024,980</u>	<u>\$7,128,043</u>	<u>\$ </u>
Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$0 <u>447,797</u> <u>447,797</u>	\$0 <u>188,075</u> <u>188,075</u>	\$ 0 <u> 288,316</u> 288,316	\$0 <u>319,469</u> 319,469	\$ 83,233 <u>186,195</u> <u>269,428</u>	\$
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue - property tax	233,081	48,453	210,985	0	. 76,108	568,627
Fund balances Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	0 0 0 <u>13,860,580</u> <u>13,860,580</u>	0 0 0 <u>3,383,672</u> <u>3,383,672</u>	0 0 0 <u>8,241,987</u> 8,241,987	0 0 0 <u>16,705,511</u> <u>16,705,511</u>	0 0 0 <u>6,782,507</u> <u>6,782,507</u>	0 0 0 <u>48,974,257</u> <u>48,974,257</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balance	<u>\$ 14,541,458</u>	<u>\$ 3,620,200</u>	<u>\$ 8,741,288</u>	<u>\$17,024,980</u>	<u>\$7,128,043</u>	<u>\$ 51,055,969</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	48,974,257
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets \$ 31,431,210		
Less accumulated depreciation (<u>10,978,369</u>)		20,452,841
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end. They are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds, but are recorded as deferred tax revenues. However, they are recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.		568,627
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest (2,126)		
Accrued vacation (1,181,068)		
Net pension liability (8,565,552)		
Long-term notes and capital leases payable (91,145)	l	9,839,891)
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions		3,690,350
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions	l	1,595,352)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	62,250,832

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2019

	General	Indigent Fund	Justice Fund	Capital Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 9,387,717	\$ 2,006,957	\$ 9,650,781	\$ 0	\$ 3,308,951	\$ 24,354,406
Licenses and permits	1,526,353	1,110,151	846,037	ý 0	2,260,559	5,743,100
Intergovernmental	9,642,000	0	19	ů N	1,172,678	10,814,697
Miscellaneous	2,696,589	54,022	1,872,688	0	1,193,163	5,816,462
Total revenues	23,252,659	3,171,130	12,369,525	0	7,935,351	46,728,665
i otal revenues	20,202,000		12,000,020	¥		40,720,000
Expenditures						
Current operating:						
General government	15,144,487	0	0	310,441	2,711,049	18,165,977
Public safety	4,588,667	0	11,902,061	0	715,812	17,206,540
Public works	66,524	0	0	0	313,635	380,159
Judicial	0	0	0	0	2,027,048	2,027,048
Welfare	0	3,000,693	0	0	971,594	3,972,287
Cultural and recreation	0	0	0	0	706,678	706,678
Total expenditures	19,799,678	3,000,693	11,902,061	310,441	7,445,816	42,458,689
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
REVENUES OVER	3,452,981	170,437	467,464 (310,441)	489,535	4,269,976
EXPENDITURES						
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfer in	0	0	0	4,465,144	27,336	4,492,480
Transfer out	(4,465,144)	Ő (6,720)	-,-00,144 D ((20,616) (
Total other financing	(¥ (¥		
sources (uses)	(4,465,144)	0 (6,720)	4,465,144	6,720	0
• •	·		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net change in fund balance	(1,012,163)	170,437	460,744	4,154,703	496,255	4,269,976
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	14,872,743	3,213,235	7,781,243	12,550,808	6,286,252	44,704,281
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 13,860,580</u>	<u>\$ 3,383,672</u>	<u>\$ 8,241,987</u>	<u>\$ 16,705,511</u>	<u>\$ 6,782,507</u>	<u>\$ 48,974,257</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	4,269,976
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 1.162.580		
Less current year depreciation	(943,179)		
Repayment of bond principal and capital leases are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position			219,401
Accrued vacation FY18	1,169,913		
Accrued vacation FY19	(1,181,068)		
Notes and lease contract proceeds	(51,264)		
Note and lease principal retirement	57,994		
		4	4,425)
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds, but are recorded as deferred tax revenues. However, they are recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.		A.	4,420)
Deferred property taxes FY18	1 550 2201		
Deferred property taxes FY19	(569,320) 568,627		
belonce property taxes () is		1	693)
In the governmental fund pension contributions are considered expenditures while on the statement of activities the		•	0007
contributions are considered a deferred outflow.			
The amount of pension contributions in the current year	2 600 260		
The amount of pension contributions in the prior year	3,690,350 (3,465,304)		
Net increase (decrease) in pension contributions	()		225,046
			223,040
In the government funds, employer pension obligations are considered revenues while on the statement of activities the employer pension obligations are considered a deferred inflow.			
The amount of pension obligations in the current year	(1,595,352)		
The amount of pension obligations in the prior year	1,338,100		
Net increase (decrease) in revenues for pension obligations	1,000,100	1	257,252)
In the governmental funds benefits earned net of employee contributions are not recognized as revenue or as an expense		N	207,202)
and a second s			
The amount of plan pension expense in the current year	(8,565,552)		
The amount of plan pension expense in the prior year	8,951,200		
Net increase (decrease) in plan pension			385,648
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, this requiring the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due.			
Accrued interest FY18	1,355		
Accrued interest FY19	(2,126)		
		(771)
Change in net position in governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	4,836,930

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Solid Waste	Fair Board	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 3,454,422	\$ 219,947	\$ 3,674,369
Taxes receivable	0	3,140	3,140
Accounts receivable	0	4,681	4,681
Total current assets	3,454,422	227,768	3,682,190
Property, buildings and equipment	2,153,200	1,808,963	3,962,163
Other assets			
Reserved cash and cash equivalents	1,357,668	200,000	1,557,668
a na manana ang kanang mang kanang			
Total assets	6,965,290	2,236,731	9,202,021
Deferred outflow of resources			
Pension obligations	0	36,643	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	0	4,758	4,758
Sales tax payable	0	12,514	12,514
Deferred compensation payable	0	4,815	4,815
Current portion of long-term debt	0	8,067	8,067
Total current liabilities	0	30,154	30,154
Long-term debt			
Net pension liability	0	94,469	94,469
Accrued vacation	Ō	9,949	9,949
Capital leases payable - Caterpillar	0	80,701	80,701
Total long-term liabilities	0	185,119	185,119
Total liabilities	0	215,273	215,273
Deferred inflow of resources			
Employer pension obligation	0	20,866	20,866
Unavailable revenue	Ō	2,817	2,817
Total deferred inflow of resources	0	23,683	23,683
Net position			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	2,153,200	1,720,195	3,873,395
Restricted	1,357,668	200,000	1,557,668
Unrestricted	3,454,422	114,223	3,568,645
Total net position	<u>\$ 6,965,290</u>	<u>\$ 2,034,418</u>	<u>\$ 8,999,708</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Solid Waste	Board	Total
Operating revenues Fees Charged Other	\$		\$ 4,903,037 <u>21,611</u>
Total operating revenues	3,689,378	1,235,270	4,924,648
Operating expenses			
Salaries	0	264,043	264,043
Landfill costs	3,122,650		3,122,650
Fair costs	0,112,000		975,025
Other	11,150		53,583
Depreciation	76,900		219,758
Total operating expenses	3,210,700	1,424,359	4,635,059
Operating income	478,678	(<u>189,089</u>)	289,589
Nonoperating income (expenses)			
Plan pension expense	0	(1,360) (1,360)
Interest income	35,074		42,166
Property taxes	00,014	116,263	116,263
Grant revenue	0	11,000	11,000
Total nonoperating revenues	35,074	132,995	168,069
Net earnings	513,752	(56,094)	457,658
Total net position, October 1, 2018	6,451,538	2,090,512	8,542,050
Total net position, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 2,034,418</u>	<u>\$ 8,999,708</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Solid Waste	Fair Board	Tatal
		Duaru	Total
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers		\$ 1,235,270	\$ 4,924,648
Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	0 ((3.135,125) (1,030,370) (264,043) (1,030,370)
Cash paid to suppliers	(3,133,123) (.	204,043) (3,399,168)
Net cash provided by operating			
activities	554,253 (59,143)	495,110
Cash flows from noncapital related			
financing activities			
Tax and grant revenue	0	116,263	
	0	116,263	116,263
Cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities			
Property and equipment			
(additions) deletions	0 (207,113) (207,113)
Sale of equipment and capital project sponsors	0	11,000	11,000
Principal paid on long-term debt	0 (5,494) (5,494)
Increase in long-term debt Net pension long term liability	0 0 (89,737	89,737
Deferred inflow - employer pension	U (1,117) (1,897	1,117) 1,897
belefted finiow - anipioyal paraloli	<u>v</u>	1,037	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by capital and			
and related financing activities	0(<u>111,090</u>) (111,090)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Deferred outflow - pension obligation Pension plan expense	0 0 (580	580
Interest received	35,074	1,359) (7.092	1,359) 42,166
			42,100
Net cash provided from investing			
activities	35,074	6,313	41,387
Net increase (decrease) in cash	589,327 (47,657)	541,670
Cash, October 1, 2018	4,222,763	467,604	4,690,367
Cash, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 4,812,090</u>	<u>\$ 419,947</u>	<u>\$ 5,232,037</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net			
cash provided by operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 478,678</u> (<u>\$ 189,089</u>)	<u>\$ 289,589</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	76,900	142,858	219,758
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	0	4,411	4,411
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(1,325) (15,723) (17,048)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in interest paid and other	0 (1,615) (1,615)
unionana (naciaraa) in intalaat hato alio ofilat	0	15	15
Total adjustments	75,575	129,946	205,521
Net cash provided by operating	e	e	• •
activities	<u>\$554,253</u> (<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 495,110</u>

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

		Agency Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	2,285,814		
Property taxes receivable		1,732,457		
Sales tax receivable		1,012,045		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5,030,316		
LIABILITIES				
Warrants/voucher payable	s	84,359		
Deferred revenue		1,554,876		
Due to other governments		3,265,301		
Due to recipients		125,780		
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5,030,316		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the year ended September 30, 2019

		_	Agency Funds
ADDITIONS			
Property and sales taxes collected for taxing authority	1	\$	207,990,463
DEDUCTIONS			
Amounts paid to taxing authorities	(-	208,633,082)
Change in net position	(642,619)
Net position - October 1, 2018			5,672,935
Net position - September 30, 2019		<u>\$</u>	5,030,316

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County is governed by a three member elected commission. The Board of Commissioners possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Commission is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance County system operations and construction.

The financial statements of Twin Falls County, State of Idaho have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The general purpose financial statements included herein present the financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/net position, changes in assets and liabilities of certain fiduciary fund types and changes in cash of the proprietary fund types of Twin Falls County. The scope of the reporting entity is intended to cover those funds under the direct jurisdiction of the Twin Falls County Board of Commissioners.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit with the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight

The following is defined as a component unit of the reporting entity of Twin Falls County:

Blended Component Unit

Twin Falls County Fair Board

The County Commissioners appoint the Fair Board, approve the Fair Board's budgets, authorize all Fair Board borrowing, and attend Fair Board meetings.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

1. Reporting Entity - continued

In addition, the County receives and disburses money from various agency accounts held for other entities. These accounts are maintained for others only in a fiduciary capacity and beyond that capacity are not included in this report.

2. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statement

The government - wide financial statements (i.e. the statements of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the County as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the *governmental* and *business type* activities of the County. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for government and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financials statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

<u>Government - Wide Financial Statements</u> - The government - wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government - wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state aid, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally the are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the County before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as the fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the government fund financial statements.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Indigent Fund</u> - The Indigent Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Justice Fund</u> - The Justice Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> continued

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund is a Special Revenue Fund that is used to account for and report revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for capital projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - The Fiduciary Fund accounts for assets held by the county on behalf of others and include the property tax collections of all taxing authorities in the county.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Bureau.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

4. Investments

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, The State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing County of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. Interest earned from investments is allocated to major funds based on their average balances for the month interest is earned. Funds to which interest is always allocated include the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects funds.

5. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair market value of applicable investments. Investment income is reported as earnings on investment in the fund financial statements.

6. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Receivables as stated in the balance sheet are considered collectible by the County Commissioners; accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not considered necessary nor is on applied to receivables.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. Receivables and Payables - continued

Idaho counties are responsible for collecting property taxes, assessing penalties and if necessary, sale of the property. In addition, the county maintains all the records and is responsible for remitting property tax amounts to the various taxing entities within the county boundaries.

All real property is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1, of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes on property for the county are due on the 20th of December; however, they may be paid in two installments with the second installment due June 20. Twelve percent APR interest is charged and two percent penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a three year waiting period, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the county with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation. The major classifications of personal property are commercial, mobile homes, marine, aircraft and agricultural.

The County's property tax is levied each September on the market value as of December 1st of the prior calendar year. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from" other funds.

7. Prepaid Supplies and Inventories

Prepaid supplies are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The County maintains a limited inventory of high volume items that are best purchased in large lots and are expensed when used. These are carried in current assets in fund financial statements and are always consumed within one year.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government - wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

8. Capital Assets - continued

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life using the following as a guideline:

Land and improvements	20-25 years
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5-15 years

9. Compensated Absences

<u>Accumulated Employee Benefit Amounts</u> - Employee benefit amounts are recognition of corresponding liabilities are as follows:

- a. Accumulated sick pay and employee benefits (vacation) amounts have been accrued. The county adopted a policy of paying for unused sick leave based on years of employment with the County. The unused leave would be paid upon termination of employment.
- 10. Pensions

The County participates in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI is a multiple employer retirement plan with cost-sharing arrangements shared equally. All risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating entities.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government - wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes and capital leases Payable - The long-term liability payments for the County's Notes and leases payable are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

12. Net Position

In the fund financial statements, government funds report reservations of net position for amounts that are not available for expenditures or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balances represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Reserved balances reported are: None

13. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between government funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. Inter-fund financial statements are reported as a subset of other financing sources/uses.

14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

15. Adopted Change in Accounting System

GASB has issued Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

16. Equity Classifications

- a. County-Wide Financial Statements The County reports net position in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- b. Fund Financial Statements The County has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which redefines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balance as presented below:

<u>Non-spendable</u> - These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

16. Equity Classifications - continued

<u>Restricted</u> - These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.

<u>Committed</u> - Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> - These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by: governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

Order of Use of Fund Balance - The County's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with governmental accounting principles utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated revenue and expenditure budgets are adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund total level.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. At the end of the year these items are expensed and accrued to the balance sheet as liabilities to report them in the period they were actually committed.

Twin Falls County, State of Idaho adheres to County budget requirements in Title 31 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this section include the following procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements.

- a) No later than the first Monday in August a tentative budget shall be adopted. The tentative budget shall be published prior to the third Monday in August.
- b) On the Tuesday following the first Monday in September the Commissioners shall hold a public meeting to adopt a final budget.
- c) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

- d) The Commissioners may make a general reserve not to exceed 5% of the current expense budget as finally adopted. Appropriations may be made therefrom upon unanimous vote of the commissioners.
- e) Budgets adjustments may be made by following the annual budget requirements.

Excess Expenditures Over Budget - The following individual major funds had expenditures that exceeded the revised budget for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NONE

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Deposits and cash equivalents are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2019, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposits	\$	33,198,426
Carrying amount of cash equivalents	-	23,275,229
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	56,473,655
Statement of net position cash and cash equivalents	\$	0
Fiduciary funds cash		0
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	56,473,655

The County complies with the Idaho Code, Title 67, Chapter 12 in handling its depository and investing transactions. County funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Code. The Code also authorizes the County to invest.

Cash equivalents are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, the State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing County of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Cash equivalents are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. The degree of risk of the LGIP depends upon the underlying portfolio.

The code governs the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of depository shall remain in effect. The County considers the actions of the State to be a helpful oversight for protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

1. Deposits:

At September 30, 2019, the County had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying		Bank		Amount				
	 Amount		Balance	Insured					
Twin Falls County	\$ 56,473,655	5	56,427,207	\$	15,176,355				

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At September 30, 2019, \$41,250,852 of the County's bank deposits was uninsured and uncollateralized.

2. Cash Equivalents:

At September 30, 2019, the County had the following cash equivalents summarized by investment type and maturities:

		Cash Eg	ities (in Years)				
Cash Equivalents_Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1		5-10	More Than 10		
Twin Falls County: Diversified Bond Fund Idaho State Treasurer	\$ 4,507,803 <u>18,767,426</u>	\$ 4,515,696 <u>18,814,789</u>	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0		
Total cash equivalents	<u>\$ 23,275,229</u>	<u>\$ 23,330,485</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>		

a. Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Idaho code which requires that the remaining term to maturity of cash equivalents to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

- 2. Cash Equivalents- continued
- b. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At September 30, 2019, the County has the following cash equivalents subject to credit risk:

		Credit Quality Ratings								
	Fair		Less Than							
Cash Equivalents Type	Value	AA/A	A	Unrated						
Twin Falls County										
Diversified Bond Fund	\$ 4,507,803	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 4,507,803						
Idaho State Treasurer	18,767,426	0	0	18,767,426						
	<u>\$ 23,275,229</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 23,275,229</u>						

- c. Concentration of Credit Risk Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's cash equivalent in a single issuer. The County's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Code and related rules.
- d. Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, a government will not be able to recover the value of cash equivalents or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The County places no other limit on the amount of cash equivalents to be held by counter parties. As of September 30, 2019, \$41,250,852 of the government's bank balance of \$56,427,207 was exposed to custodial credit risks as follows:

Depository Account	Bank Balance				
Insured	\$	250,000			
Collateralized:					
Collateral held by County's agent in the					
County's name		4,926,355			
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust		•			
department in the County's name		10,000,000			
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
department not in the County's name		0			
Uninsured and uncollateralized	-	41,250,852			
Total deposits	<u>\$</u>	56,427,207			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE D - DESIGNATED CASH

The Twin Falls County Fair Board, a component unit, has designated cash for the purpose of constructing new buildings on the fair grounds. The amount designated was \$ 200,000 at year end.

The Twin Falls County Solid Waste, an enterprise fund, has designated cash for the purpose of future post closure costs. The amount designated was \$1,357,668 at year end.

Designated (restricted) Cash at year end:

Twin Falls County Fair Board	\$	200,000
Twin Falls County Solid Waste		1,357,668
Total	<u>s</u>	1,557,668

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the County's governmental individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		General Fund	I	ndigent Fund		Justice Fund		Other on-major Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Property taxes	\$	233,658	\$	48,819	\$	209,977	\$	85,292	\$	577,746
Sales tax		564,442		0		0		0		564,442
State revenue sharing		847,333		0		0		0		847,333
Due from other governments		0		2,378		10,033		0		12,411
Accounts		0	÷	0	-	0	-	15,000	-	15,000
	<u>\$</u>	1,645,433	<u>\$</u>	<u>51,197</u>	<u>\$</u>	220,010	<u>\$</u>	100,292	<u>s</u>	2,016,932

Government funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>_U</u>	navailable
Delinquent property taxes receivable		
General Fund	\$	233,081
Indigent Fund		48,453
Justice Fund		210,985
Other Non-major Funds		76,108
Total deferred revenue for		
governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	568,627

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

During the 2003-04 fiscal year Valuations Northwest, Inc. made a cost appraisal of the capital assets of the County. The result of that valuation is reflected in these financial statements.

1. Governmental Activities

	Balance 9/30/18	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/19
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 2,087,444	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2.087,444
Land	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	<u> </u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and				
improvements	25,134,045	531,836	0	25,665,881
Equipment	3,047,141	630,744	0	3,677,885
Total conital consta				
Total capital assets,	20 404 400	1,162,580	0	20 242 766
being depreciated	<u>28,181,186</u>	1,102,500	<u> </u>	<u>29,343,766</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and				
improvements	8,281,669	720,762	0	9,002,431
Equipment	1,753,521	222,417	0	<u> 1,975,938</u>
Total accumulated				
depreciation	10,035,195	943,179	0	10,978,369
Total conital access	haina			
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	<u>18,145,996</u>	219,401	0	18,365,397
depreciated, liet	10,140,990	219,401		10,000,007
Governmental activity				
capital assets, net	\$ 20,233,440	<u>\$ 219,401</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 20,452,841</u>
na sere	-			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE F - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - CONTINUED

2. Business Activities

Solid waste fund		Balance 9/30/18		<u>Addi</u>	tions			Deletions	-	Balance 9/30/19
Buildings and improvements	\$	60,035	c		r)	S	0	5	60,035
Equipment	Ψ	627,271	Ψ		Č		Ψ	ŏ		627,271
Landfill		6,689,226			Č	S		ŏ		6,689,226
Lanann		0,000,220	_			2			3 .	
	<u>\$</u>	7,376,532	<u>\$</u>	• 100	(]	<u>\$</u>	0		7,376,532
Less accumulated	d de	preciation							(5,223,332)
Book value Septe	mbe	er 30, 2019								2,153,200
Fair Board										
Land	\$	178,260		\$	()	\$	0		178,260
Land improvement		384,427			58,090)		0		442,517
Buildings		3,489,042			59,286	5		0		3,548,328
Machinery and										
equipment		477,491			89,737	7		0		567,228
Construction in										
progress		0			1	<u>)</u>		0		0
	<u>\$</u>	4,529,220		<u>\$</u>	207,11:	3	<u>\$</u>	0		4,736,333
Less accumulated	depr	eciation							(2,927,370)
Book value Septen	nber	30, 2019								1,808,963
Total book value - e	nter	prise funds								<u>\$ 3,962,163</u>

Buildings and land improvements are being depreciated on the straight-line basis over lives ranging from 10 to 30 years.

Equipment is being depreciated on the straight-line basis over lives ranging from 5 to 15 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE G - CONTRACTS PAYABLE

Contracts payable consisted of the following:

In January 2019 the County entered into a contract payable with Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2019 Ford Transit (Coroner). The interest rate on the contract is 4.24%. The contr payable in four annual installments of \$9,125.	van
In December 2018 the County entered into a contract payable of First Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2019 Ford Tra (Coroner). The interest rate on the contract is 4.24%. The contr payable in three annual installments of \$6,505.	ansit van
In April 2018 the County entered into a contract payable with F Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2018 Chevy Subur The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract payabl annual installments of \$14,937.	rban (Jail).
In April 2018 the County entered into a contract payable with F Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2018 Ford Transit Probation). The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The con is payable in three annual installments of \$11,311.	(Mag.
In May 2017, the County entered into a contract payable with I Federal Savings Bank for the purchase of a 2017 Ford F-350 (V The interest rate on the contract is 2.99%. The contract is pay in five annual installments of \$8,289.	Needs).
Capital Lease payable to Caterpillar Financial Services Corpor is due in monthly installments of \$969 with a final payment of including interest at 3.85% per annum until fiscal year 2023-24 Capital lease is collateralized by a TH233C Caterpillar Telehan	\$45,000 J. The
	<u>\$ 179,913</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE G - CONTRACTS PAYABLE - CONTINUED

Future Minimum Lease Payments

Year	
2020	61,801
2021	35,553
2022	27,264
2023	20,759
2024	55,524
2025-2029	0
	200,901
Amount representing interest	(
	<u>\$ 179,913</u>
Current	\$ 50,425
Long-term	129,488
	<u>\$ 179,913</u>

Five year amortization of the net present value is as follows:

Year ending September 30	
2020	53,966
2021	30,536
2022	23,657
2023	18,123
2024	53,631
2025-2029	0
	<u>\$ 179,913</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE H - CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general long-term debt account group and all Enterprise funds.

	Balance <u>10/01/18</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/19
General long-term debt ac	count group			
Accrued vacation Contracts payable	\$ 1,169,913 <u>97,875</u> <u>1,267,788</u>	\$ 11,155 <u>51,264</u> <u>62,419</u>	\$0 <u>57,994</u> 57,994	\$ 1,181,068 91,145 1,272,213
Enterprise funds				
Twin Falls County Fair				
Contracts payable- Wells Fargo Caterpillar	4,526 0 4,526	0 <u>89,737</u> 89,737	4,526 969 54,495	0 <u>88,768</u> 88,768
	<u>\$ 1,272,314</u>	<u>\$ 152,156</u>	<u>\$ 63,489</u>	<u>\$ 1,360,981</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Twin Falls County contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan as of June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46,907
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	13,133
Active plan members	71,112
	131,152

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN-CONTINUED

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2019 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The Twin Falls County's contributions were \$2,092,717, \$2,138,297, and \$2,023,613 for the three years ended September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the Twin Falls County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Twin Falls County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Twin Falls County's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2018, the Twin Falls County's proportion was 0.5871131 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Twin Falls County recognized pension expense (revenue) of 1,736,765. At September 30, 2019, the Twin Falls County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	0 1.514.130	\$	654,041 0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		0		962,177
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportionate contributions Twin Falls County's contributions subsequent		120,146		0
to the measurement date		2,092,717		0
	<u>\$</u>	3,726,993	<u>\$</u>	1,616,218

\$2,092,717 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2017 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.9 years and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended		
2019	\$	703,949
2020	\$	82,947
2021	(\$	709,627)
2022	(\$	179,358)
2023	\$	0

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, *Idaho Code*, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.5% - 10.00%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Theses ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2017.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

Capital Market Assumptions

Asset Class	Expected Return	Expected Risk	Strategic <u>Normal</u>	Strategic <u>Ranges</u>
Equities			70%	66%-77%
Broad Domestic equity	9.15%	19.00%	55%	50%-65%
International	9.25%	20.20%	15%	10%-20%
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30%	23%-33%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0%	0%-5%
			Expected	
	Expected	Expected	Real	Expected
	Return	Inflation	Return	Risk
Total Fund				
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%

*Expected arithmetic return net of fees and expenses

umed Inflation - Mean	3.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation	2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return	8.42%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Return Assumed Investment Expenses	7.50% 0.40%
Long-term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses	7.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE I - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.05%)		Discount Rate (7.05%)		1% Increase (8.05%)		
Employer's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$</u>	<u>21,677,991</u>	\$	8,660,021	(<u>\$</u>	<u>2,119,393</u>)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

NOTE J - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following major funds reported a deficit fund balance at fiscal year end:

NONE

NOTE K - COMPLIANCE WITH IDAHO CODE

The independent audit of the County's records for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, was made for the purposes of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The financial activities and records were reviewed for compliance with applicable Idaho regulations only to the extent needed to form an opinion on the financial statements. Based on the limited procedures performed no items of noncompliance were noted.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2019

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County purchases commercial insurance to cover the risk of property loss and legal liability through a local agent. The insurer, provides a full schedule of coverage to meet various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

The basic insurance agreements cover claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the State tort claims law and federal civil rights laws.

All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

NOTE M - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The County maintains two enterprise funds which provide sanitary landfill services, and operate the County fair. Segment information for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	S	olid Waste		Fairboard	E	Total interprise Funds
Operating revenues	\$	3,689,378	\$	1,235,270	\$	4,924,648
Depreciation expense		76,900		142,858		219,758
Operating income (loss)		478,678	(189,089)		289,589
Nonoperating revenues		35,074		132,995		168,069
Net earnings (loss)		513,752	(56,094)		457,658
Property and equipment						
additions		0		0		0
Net working capital		3,454,422		197,614		3,652,036
Total assets		6,965,290		2,236,731		9,202,021
Total net position		6,965,290		2,034,418		8,999,708

NOTE N - CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivables from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		
				Variance
		12000 March 189		Favorable
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Revenues				
Current				
Property taxes	\$ 10,338,730	\$ 10,338,730	\$ 9,387,717	(\$ 951,013)
Auditor's fees	120,000	120,000	116,400	(3,600)
County administration fee	355,000	355,000	368,454	13,454
Assessors postage	39,000	39,000	40,859	1,859
Refund of expenses	29,000	29,000	42,071	13,071
Drivers licenses	150,000	150,000	179,554	29,554
Court fees	0	0	3,599	3,599
SIRCOMM	206,868	206,868	199,461	(7,407)
Liquor control act funds	525,000	525,000	653,682	128,682
Sales tax	1,700,000	1,700,000	2,567,126	867,126
Payment-in-lieu	701,000	701,000	1,767,402	1,066,402
Revenue Sharing	2,500,000	2,500,000	4,454,329	1,954,329
Investment interest	375,000	375,000	940,970	565,970
Penalties and interest	60,000	60,000	57,949	(2,051)
Licenses	39,000	39,000	46,135	7,135
Building permits	299,000	299,000	345,866	46,866
Fees	396,000	396,000	466,345	70,345
Other	2,022,481	2,022,481	1,614,740	(407,741)
Total revenues	19,856,079	19,856,079	23,252,659	3,396,580
Expenditures				
General				
Current				
County car expense	2,000	2,000	2,233	(233)
Special services	24,000	24,000	18,073	5,927
Telephone and postage	15,000	15,000	11,971	3,029
County/City project	20,000	20,000	20,000	0
Audit expenses	49,500	49,500	49,500	0
IAC dues	15,976	15,976	15,976	0
Dues and administration	35,000	35,000	30,062	4,938
Public lands assessment	1,127	1,127	1,126	1
County share FICA	1,081,350	1,081,350	1,015,909	65,441
Guardian ad litem	47,380	47,380	46,131	1,249
Medicare	252,897	252,897	237,591	15,306
Retirement	2,015,317	2,015,317	1,914,684	100,633
Unemployment insurance	41,647	41,647	18,551	23,096
Group insurance	2,786,164	2,786,164	2,844,203	(58,039)
Workman's compensation	315,378	315,378	286,181	29,197
Wellness program	7,000	7,000	4,645	2,355
Animal control	65,000	65,000	65,000	0
Separation fund	128,000	128,000	178,809	(50,809)
SIRCOMM (911)	396,116	396,116	396,116	0

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts

	Buagete	a Amounts		
				Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Expenditures - continued				1 <u>1111111111</u>
General - continued				
Current - continued				
Grant expense	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 24,598	\$ 3,402
Airport	355,274	355,274	351,715	3,559
Animal control	3,800	3,800	3,800	0
General reserve	110,000	50,000	50,000	0
Soil conservation	25,500	25,500	25,500	0
Computer maintenance	62,400	62,400	64,051	(1,651)
Computer supplies	15,000	15,000	7,121	7,879
Computer personnel	304,200	304,200	304,200	0
County museum	29,310	29,310	29,310	0
Drug testing	12,000	12,000	11,328	672
Central purchasing	1,000	1,000	(2)	1,002
TF Area trans committee	221,477	221,477	221,477	0
Special attorney needs	80,000	80,000	47,770	32,230
CARES	30,000	30,000	29,925	75
Transcripts	40,000	40,000	52,913	(12,913)
Interfaith caregivers	6,000	6,000	6,000	0
SECDO	12,100	12,100	12,100	0
SCITRDA	3,000	3,000	3,000	Ō
Snake River study	2,453	2,453	2,453	Ŏ
Capital outlay	355,351	355,351	329,982	25,369
Total general	8,995,717	8,935,717	8,734,002	201,715
a 1943 antia 🖷 Charles Statistics				
Assessor				
Current				
Salaries	938,859	938,859	912,031	26,828
Mileage	100	100	57	43
Hotel and meals	3,500	3,500	2,984	516
Registrations	3,500	3,500	3,516	(16)
Records and supplies	16,500	16,500	22,905	(6,405)
Postage	46,500	46,500	40,308	6,192
GIS mapping system expenses	24,000	24,000	23,382	618
Buhl motor vehicle office	5,200	5,200	3,614	1,586
Equipment and repairs	9,800	9,800	1,679	8,121
Publication and printing	1,800	1,800	0	1,800
Total assessor	1,049,759	1,049,759	1,010,476	39,283
Auditor, Clerk, Recorder				
Current				
Salaries	1,489,274	1,539,274	1,481,810	57,464
Transportation	4,000	4,000	2,809	1,191
Hotels and meals	2,000	2,000	1,493	507
Special Services	1,000	1,000	908	92

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgetec	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Expenditures - continued				
Auditor, Clerk, Recorder - continue	d			
Current - continued				
Registration	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,375	(\$ 375)
Records and supplies	10,000	10,000	11,808	(1,808)
Postage	8,000	8,000	8,526	(526)
Equipment and repairs	4,500	4,500	4,337	163
Lease copier	1,500	1,500	1,222	278
Publication and printing	1,500	1,500	1,004	496
Total Auditor, Clerk, Recorder	1,527,774	1,577,774	1,520,292	57,482
County Commissioners Current				
Salaries	338,541	338,541	337,244	1,297
District 1 transportation	3,000	3,000	3,199	(199)
District 2 transportation	3,000	3,000	4,650	(1,650)
District 3 transportation	3,000	3,000	3,458	(458)
Training	1,000	1,000	348	652
Records and supplies	5,000	5,000	5,016	(16)
Cell phones	3,200	3,200	2,959	241
Postage	750	750	343	407
Publication and printing	5,000	5,000	3,317	1,683
Total Commissioners	362,491	362,491	360,534	1,957
Coroner				
Current				
Salaries	210,351	210,351	201,674	8,677
Transportation	5,500	5,500	7,215	(1,715)
Hotels and meals	4,500	4,500	852	3,648
Registrations	2,000	2,000	450	1,550
Other	3,500	3,500	2,523	977
Phones	2,000	2,000	1,744	256
Postage	350	350	27	323
Office	2,500	2,500	2,309	191
Autopsies	25,000	35,000	30,000	5,000
Chemicals analysis and x-rays	25,000	25,000	10,726	14,274
Uniforms and equipment	5,000	5,000	4,057	943
Lease pickup	8,000	8,000	8,000	0
Total coroner	293,701	303,701	269,577	34,124

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
Expenditures - continued	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
County agent				
Current				
Contract Services	<u>\$ 202,665</u>	\$ 202,665	<u>\$ 202,665</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total county agent	202,665	202,665	202,665	0
Janitor				
Current				
Salaries	397,242	397,242	394,658	2,584
Lights, power, water	369,000	369,000	376,527	(7,527)
Office supplies	1,000	1,000	1,028	(28)
Water/trash	50,000	50,000	52,139	(2,139)
Fuel	150,000	150,000	92,555	57,445
Vehicle Expense	4,000	4,000	2,545	1,455
Uniform Clothing	1,000	1,000	629	371
Cell Phones	6,731	6,731	6,693	38
Equipment and repair	40,000	40,000	31,122	8,878
Building maintenance	340,000	340,000	299,794	40,206
Repair	16,000	16,000	23,963	(7,963)
Capital outlay	250,000	250,000	332,004	(82,004)
Total janitor	1,624,973	1,624,973	1,613,657	11,316
Sheriff				
Current				
Salaries	3,645,104	3,645,104	3,597,764	47,340
Contracted security	12,000	12,000	13,169	(1,169)
Fund buys, training	6,000	6,000	11,014	(5,014)
County car	273,900	273,900	202,640	71,260
Transportation public	84,450	84,450	87,803	(3,353)
Hotel & meals	20,000	20,000	22,096	(2,096)
Crime prevention	5,000	5,000	3,859	1,141
Hire drug test	7,000	7,000	8,200	(1,200)
Rock Creek fire office	1,020	1,020	1,020	0
Records & supplies	22,000	22,000	20,051	1,949
Telephone & postage	28,000	28,000	34,843	(6,843)
Dues, fees	6,000	6,000	8,358	(2,358)
Victim services	1,000	1,000	741	259
Repairs	3,500	3,500	2,448	1,052
Equipment	40,000	40,000	36,468	3,532
Teletype rental	12,500	12,500	12,500	0
Weapons & equipment	5,000	5,000	5,121	(121)
Ammunition	30,000	30,000	30,324	(324)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts								
	0	riginal	Final Actual		Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)			
Expenditures - continued Sheriff - continued Current - continued									
Maintenance contracts	\$	15,100	\$	15,100	\$	8,516		\$	6,584
Publication & printing		3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	1,901		Ψ	1,099
Special investigation		5,500		5,500		4,023			1,477
Radio expense		15,000		15,000		15,554	(554)
Cable television		1,300		1,300		1,247	•		53
Special investigation		9,000		9,000		6,356			2,644
Police education		22,000		22,000		22,313	(313)
Search & rescue		5,000		5,000		4,999	•		1
Forest service agreement		18,000		18,000		10,337			7,663
Boat & waterway expense		3,000		3,000		1,402			1,598
Uniform & clothing		20,000		20,000		27,845	(7,845)
Reserve law enforcement		500		500		461	•		39
Crisis response		20,000		20,000		21,356	1		1,356)
Body armor		15,000		15,000		14,662	•		338
New and used vehicles		159,000		159,000		161,814	1		2,814)
Computer equipment/program		70,000		70,000		83,801	ì		13,801)
Total sheriff		4,583,874	6 	4,583,874		4,485,006	•		98,868
Treasurer									
Current									
Salaries		280,089		280,089		267,445			12,644
Transportation		2,000		2,000		466			1,534
Hotels & meals		2,500		2,500		821			1,679
Special services		1,500		1,500		620			880
Bank fees		1,000		1,000		230			770
Title search		21,000		21,000		14,600			6,400
Registration		1,250		1,250		560			690
Records & supplies		5,000		5,000		5,806	(806)
Postage		24,000		24,000		21,810			2,190
Equipment & repair		2,500		2,500		1,260			1,240
Publication & printing		6,000		6,000		3,309			2,691
Publication Administration	÷	1,000		1,000		0			1,000
Total treasurer		347,839		347,839		316,927			30,912

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual		Variance Favorable <u>Unfavorable</u>)		
Expenditures - continued								
Zoning								
Current	2							
Salaries	\$	387,837	\$	387,837	\$	352,492	\$	
Transportation - private		5,000		5,000		3,925		1,075
Mileage		2,000		2,000		1,838		162
Hotels & meals		3,500		3,500		2,990		510
Training		6,500		6,500		5,456	10	1,044
Postage		1,000		1,000		1,181	(181)
Advertising		2,000		2,000		2,301	(301)
Office expense		6,000		6,000		6,152	(152)
Equipment & repair		1,700		1,700		3,542	(1,842)
Survey & maps		12,500		12,500		19,199	(6,699)
Comp plan		4,000		4,000		0		4,000
ldaho code		1,000		1,000		496		504
Transcribed records		300		300		75		225
Contract labor		3,500		3,500		3,896	(396)
Comprehensive plan		50,000		50,000		48,023		1,977
Capital improvements		17,000		17,000		2,500	-	14,500
Total zoning		503,837		503,837		454,066	-	49,771
Veterans								
Current								
Salaries		41,247		41,247		41,247		0
Travel & expense		1,000		1,000		212		788
Vehicle fuel & maintenance		650		650		106		544
Equipment & repair		4,100		4,100		3,854		246
Total veterans		46,997		46,997		45,419	0	1,578
Human resource								
Current								
Salaries		128,555		128,555		123,998		4,557
Travel & expense		2,500		2,500		147		2,353
Special services		2,500		2,500		1,521		979
Supplies		4,300		4,300		4,304	(4)
Postage		250		250		221		29
Cell phones		636		636		513		123
Publications	_	483		483		274	_	209
Total human resource		139,224		139,224	_	130,978	-	8,246

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts

	Budgeted Amounts					500 M () ()				
Expenditures - continued	Original		4	Final		Actual		(Fav	riance vorable avorable_)
Emergency services										
Current	\$ 7	E 070		750	70	\$	75 025			444
Salaries		5,979	Ş			Þ	75,835		\$	144
Travel & expenses		3,500		3,5			833	,		2,667
Supplies		2,170		2,1			2,878	(708)
Equipment		1,500		1,5			0			1,500
Cell phones		650			50		513			137
Vehicle maintenance		3,500		3,5			1,657			1,843
Fringe benefits		2,065	-	22,0			21,945			120
Total emergency services	10	9,364	1	109,3	<u>64</u>		103,661			5,703
Grant Administration Current										
Salaries	6	2,250		65,2	50		65,249			1
Transportation	v	200			00		139			61
Hotels & meals		200			00		139			200
		and the state of the second								
Special services		2,000		2,0			500			1,500
Registrations		150			50		0			150
Supplies		900			00		472			428
Equipment maintenance & repair		300			00		0			300
Postage		250			50		16			234
Cell phones		300			00		148			152
Capital outlay		400	_		00		0			400
Total Grant Administration	6	9,950	-	69,9	<u>50</u>		66,524			3,426
Housekeeping Current										
Salaries	31	9,800		319,8	00		318,902			898
Equipment		4,000		4,0			4,561	1		561)
Maintenance		6,000		4,0 66,0			62,163	(3,837
			-							
Total housekeeping		9,800		389,8	00		385,626			4,174
Telephone										
Current										
Telephone expenses	8	5,000		85,0	00		55,734			29,266
Internet-point to point	4	0,000	_	40,0	00		44,534	(4,534)
Total telephone	12	5,000	-	125,0	00	-	100,268			24,732
Total expenditures	20,37	2,965	-	20, <u>372,9</u>	65	2 <u></u>	<u>19,799,678</u>			<u>573,287</u>
EXCESS REVENUE OVER										
	(51	6,886)	(516,8	86)		3,452,981			3,969,867

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts

				Variance Favorable
Expenditures - continued	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	<u>\$0</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	(\$ <u>4,465,144</u>)	(\$ <u>4,465,144</u>)
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(516,886)	(516,886)	(1,012,163)	(495,277)
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	14,872,743	14,872,743	14,872,743	0
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u>\$ 14,355,857</u>	<u>\$ 14,355,857</u>	<u>\$ 13,860,580</u>	(<u>\$ 495,277</u>)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - INDIGENT FUND

	Budgeted			
Revenues	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Property taxes	\$ 1,996,088	\$ 1,996,088	\$ 2,006,957	\$ 10,869
Indigent fund	\$ 1,990,000 800,000	\$ 1,990,000	1,110,151	310,151
Penalties & interest	800,000	000,000	2,079	2,079
Other	438,500	438,500	51,943	(386,557)
Total revenues	3,234,588	3.234,588	3,171,130	(
Total Tovendes				((0,,400)
Expenditures Current				
Poor fund - salaries	208,094	208,094	161,779	46,315
Fringe benefits	74,315	74,315	60,166	14,149
Transportation	2,500	2,500	375	2,125
Hotels & meals	4,500	4,500	3,770	730
Registrations	1,600	1,600	1,350	250
Records & supplies	6,000	6,000	5,819	181
Postage	9,000	9,000	7,107	1,893
Equipment & repair	4,000	4,000	299	3,701
Indigent expense	15,000	15,000	11,290	3,710
Indigent burial	30,000	30,000	14,263	15,737
Physicians	800,000	800,000	414,780	385,220
Court ordered evaluation	90,000	90,000	91,038	(1,038)
St. Lukes/MVRMC	1,007,579	1,007,579	1,192,052	(184,473)
Medical	882,000	882,000	920,138	(38,138)
Mental health	100,000	100,000	116,467	(16,467)
Total expenditures	3,234,588	3,234,588	3,000,693	233,895
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	0	0	170,437	170,437
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	3,213,235	3,213,235	3,213,235	0
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 3,213,235</u>	<u>\$ 3,213,235</u>	<u>\$ 3,383,672</u>	<u>\$ 170,437</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		
Revenues Property taxes Refund of expense Penalties & interest Board of outside prisoner Board of outside juveniles Treatment income Bond and Undertaking Work release Sild sheriff inmate labor Grants Food Justice fund Fees Other	<u>Original</u> \$ 9,569,644 36,000 50,000 210,000 210,000 500 16,000 59,000 238,747 0 20,000 40,000 125,500 1,978,800	Final \$ 9,569,644 36,000 50,000 210,000 210,000 500 16,000 59,000 238,747 0 20,000 40,000 125,500 1,978,800	Actual \$ 9,650,781 40,834 50,616 397,955 233,212 915 14,430 86,453 238,748 19 22,532 27,880 171,645 1,433,505	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>) \$ 81,137 4,834 616 37,955 23,212 415 (1,570) 27,453 1 19 2,532 (12,120) 46,145 (<u>545,295</u>)
Total revenues	<u> 12,704,191</u>	12,704,191	12,369,525	(334,666)
Expenditures Public defender Current				
Salaries	1,292,754	1,292,754	1,168,325	124,429
Travel	3,700	3,700	2,415	1,285
Hotels & meals	10,525	10,525	5,925	4,600
Records & supplies	31,100	31,100	13,767	17,333
Postage	4,950	4,950	4,511	439
Equipment & repair	1,000	1,000	6,975	(5,975)
Continuing legal education	6,200	6,200	2,462	3,738
Cell phones	1,000	1,000	898	102
Miscellaneous defense	6,000	6,000	11,885	(5,885)
Murder cases	4,000	4,000	0	4,000
Witness fees	500	500	20	480
Capital outlay	1,400	1,400	1,146	254
Total public defender	1,363,129	1,363,129	1,218,329	144,800

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts				
				Variance		
				Favorable		
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(<u>Unfavorable</u>)		
Expenditures - continued						
Prosecuting attorney						
Current	2 9 12 2 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
	\$ 2,007,180	\$ 2,007,180	\$ 2,005,153	\$ 2,027		
Travel	3,000	3,000	1,791	1,209		
Special services	4,000	4,000	0	4,000		
Records & supplies	32,000	32,000	39,934	(7,934)		
Postage	3,000	3,000	2,107	893		
Equipment & repair	7,000	7,000	6,589	411		
Publications & printing	6,000	6,000	46	5,954		
Continuing legal education	10,000	10,000	9,328	672		
Professional dues	100	100	0	100		
Cell phones	11,000	11,000	10,342	658		
Witness fees	15,000	15,000	10,794	4,206		
Subscriptions	500	500	633	(133)		
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	18,675	(8,675)		
Total prosecuting attorney	2,108,780	2,108,780	2,105,392	3,388		
Juvenile probation						
Current						
Salaries	438,739	438,739	432,731	6,008		
Transportation	7,032	7,032	6,172	860		
Misc & charity	69,645	69,645	68,057	1,588		
Equipment & repair	7,343	7,343	7,333	10		
Electronic monitor	12,000	12,000	8,262	3,738		
Vehicles Expense	5,950	5,950	6,397	(447)		
Cell phones	10,000	10,000	8,370	1,630		
Volunteers	4,000	4,000	3,748	252		
Tobacco Tax Transfer	5,000	5,000	2,839	2,161		
Restitution for community service	15,000	15,000	8,850	6,150		
Food	7,500	7,500	9,820	(2,320)		
Total juvenile probation	582,209	582,209	562,579	19,630		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
	0	riginal	Final		-	Actual		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Expenditures - continued								
Magistrate probation								
Current	-							
Salaries	\$	411,719	\$	411,719	\$	393,964	\$	17,755
C.I.P. project		7,800		7,800		3,802		3,998
Travel & training		8,500		8,500		8,412		88
Records & supplies		1,000		1,000		110	3.	890
Postage		3,000		3,000		5,628	(2,628)
Office equipment		18,000		18,000		17,123		877
Ankle supplies		10,500		10,500		5,356		5,144
Work detail program		4,400		4,400		3,782		618
Cell phones		25,527		25,527		23,968		1,559
FICA		5,970		5,970		5,605		365
Medicare		47,245		47,245		45,037		2,208
Retirement		1,030		1,030		459		571
Unemployment		68,516		68,516		56,514		12,002
Group Inshealth & life		13,916		13,916		13,152		764
Work comp		3,000		3,000		1,166		1,834
Vehicle/maintenance		7,000		7,000		3,278		3,722
Drug testing supplies		2,000		2,000		1,511		489
Interpreter services		12,000		12,000		11,385		615
LSI expense	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,000		3,000		0		3,000
Total Magistrate probation		654,123		654,123		600,252		53,871
Staff secure facility								
Current								
Salaries - juvenile justice								
workers		1,165,390		1,165,390		1,113,578		51,812
Training		17,400		17,400		16,648		752
Lodging		5,000		5,000		1,889		3,111
Meals		4,000		4,000		1,628		2,372
Mileage		500		500		1,667	(1,167)
Office		13,000		13,000		10,931		2,069
Copier		1,200		1,200		898		302
Cell phones		2,000		2,000		1,472		528
Equipment		4,500		4,500		696		3,804
Employee testing		286,400		286,400		289,047	(2,647)
BOCG		2,750		2,750		423		2,327
Transportation		1,200		1,200		1,016		184
Vehicle maintenance		800		800		717		83
Total staff security facility		1,504,140	100 CAL-	1,504,140	-	1,440,610	_	63,530

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
				Variance				
						Favorable		
	Origina	al		Final		Actual	(_	<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Expenditures - continued								
Criminal justice								
Current								
Salaries	04.0 No.0 No.0 No.0 No.0 No.0 No.0 No.0 No	the second s	\$	3,238,796	\$	2,868,352	\$	a server a server a server
Special services		7,000		7,000		2,077		4,923
Finger print equipment		0,000		40,000		40,346	(346)
Water		2,000		22,000		20,640		1,360
Lights, power		8,000		58,000		49,664		8,336
Fuel & heating		8,500		28,500		21,641		6,859
Sanitation		5,000		5,000		3,531		1,469
Records & supplies		0,000		20,000		16,796		3,204
Telephone & postage		5,000		6,000		4,178		1,822
Maintenance & repair		0,000		90,000		75,657		14,343
Equipment purchase		0,000		50,000		55,982	(5,982)
Inmate supplies		0,000		80,000		82,198	(2,198)
Housing	800	0,000		800,000		780,243		19,757
Cleaning equipment & supply		5,000		25,000		24,721		279
Intoximeter		5,000		5,000		690		4,310
Copy machine		3,000		3,000		3,646	(646)
Extraditions	38	3,000		38,000		49,518	(11,518)
Car fuel	12	2,000		12,000		12,768	(768)
Training	20	0,000		20,000		17,584		2,416
Inmate board	380	0,000		380,000		399,340	(19,340)
New & used vehicles	1	5,004		15,004		14,937	•	67
Total criminal justice		3,300		4,943,300		4,544,509	_	398,791
Juvenile detention center								
Current								
Salaries	878	3,135		878,135		824,048		54,087
Training		5,000		5,000		3,913		1,087
Lodging	•	1,625		1,625		3,238	(1,613)
Meals		1,500		1,500		1,075		425
Mileage		750		750		0		750
Special Services	4	4,700		4,700		2,119		2,581
Electricity		2,000		12,000		9,760		2,240
Water garbage		4,250		4,250		3,564		686
Heat		5,000		5,000		4,106		894
Office		7,250		7,250		10,993	(3,743)
Copier		500		500		210		290
Housekeeping	(6,250		6,250		4,978		1,272
Juvenile Hygiene		3,250		3,250		1,407		1,843
Juvenile clothing		2,950		2,950		3,596	(646)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - JUSTICE FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Expenditures - continued				(<u></u> /
Juvenile detention center - continue	d			
Current	-			
Detention supplies	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 2,194	\$ 694
Cleaning supplies	4,500	4,500	2,461	2,039
Building-grounds	11,500	11,500	7,023	4,477
Equipment	8,600	8,600	2,611	5,989
Telephone	1,950	1,950	1,804	146
Dues - memberships	700	700	924	(224)
Printing	850	850	0	850
Employee testing	2,500	2,500	1,147	1,353
Food	145,000	145,000	125,253	19,747
Juv Dtn - transport	7,250	7,250	7,704	(454)
Juv Dtn - transport	4,000	4,000	2,985	1,015
Total juvenile detention center	1,121,510	1,121,510	1,027,113	94,397
Status offender				
Current				
Reserved	30,000	30,000	0	30,000
Conflict public defender	377,000	377,000	368,589	8,411
Public defense misc.	20,000	20,000	34,688	(14,688)
Total Justice fund expenses	427,000	427,000	403,277	23,723
Total expenditures	12,704,191	12,704,191	<u>11,902,061</u>	802,130
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	0	0	467,464	467,464
Other financing sources (uses)	-	-		
Transfers in-out	0	0	(6,720)	(6,720)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES AND OTHER SOUR	JES .			
		_		
OTHER USES	0	0	460,744	460,744
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	7 794 242	7 794 949	7 704 949	•
i unu salance, october 1, 2010	7,781,243	<u> </u>	7,781,243	0
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 7,781,243</u>	<u>\$ 7,781,243</u>	<u>\$ 8,241,987</u>	<u>\$ 460,744</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts

	Duugete			Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Revenues				
Carry forward	\$ 0	\$ O	\$0	\$0
SRBA and other leases	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
Total revenues	0	0	0	0
Expenditures				
CW - remodel	0	0	0	0
CW - Capital	600,000	600,000	310,441	289,559
CW - office supplies	0	0	0	0
CW - signs	0	0	0	0
CW - cell phones	0	0	0	0
CW - electricity	0	0	0	0
CW - gas	0	0	0	0
CW - trash	0	0	0	0
CW - water	0	0	0	0
CW - service contracts/ repairs	0	0	0	0
CW - telephone (pmt)	0	0	0	0
Other expenses	0	0	0	0
Total expenditures	600,000	600,000	310,441	289,559
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(600,000)	(600,000)	(310,441)	289,559
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	600,000	600,000	4,465,144	3,865,144
EXCESS REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	0	0	4,154,703	4,154,703
Fund balance, October 1, 2018	12,550,808	12,550,808	12,550,808	0
Fund balance, September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 12,550,808</u>	<u>\$ 12,550,808</u>	<u>\$ 16,705,511</u>	<u>\$ 4,154,703</u>

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN

Last 10 - Fiscal Years

	 2019	 2018	2017
Employer's portion of net pension liability	 0.5871131%	 0.5755582%	0.4549959%
Employer's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 8,660,021	\$ 9,046,786	\$ 9,223,466
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,132,432	\$ 17,689,542	\$ 17,196,426
Employer's proportional share of the			
net pension liability as a percentage			
of its covered-employee payroll	47.76%	51.14%	53.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a			
percentage of the total pension liability	90.68%	90.68%	87.26%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Twin Falls County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2018.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN

Last 10 - Fiscal Years

		 2019		_	2018		 2017
Statutorily required contribution		\$ 2,092,717		\$	2,138,297		\$ 2,023,613
Contributions in relation to the							
statutorily required contribution	(\$ 2,092,717)	(\$	2,138,297)	(\$ 2,023,613)
Contribution (deficiency) excess		\$ 0		\$	0		\$ 0
Employer's covered-employee payroll		\$ 18,132,432		\$	17,689,542		\$ 17,196,426
Contributions as a percentage of							
covered-employee payroll		11.54%			12.09%		11.77%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Twin Falls County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of September 30, 2019.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPTIONAL

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ASSETS	Tort	Safe Place	Twin Falls County Extension		Parks and <u>Recreation</u>	Ad Valorem	District Court	Court Interlock Device	Public Health
	\$ 895,447 15,230 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 910,677</u>	\$ 49,293 0 0 <u>\$ 49,293</u>	\$ 0 0 5 0 5	\$ 269,567 5,570 0 <u>\$ 275,137</u>	\$ 527,355 10,576 0 <u>\$ 537,931</u>	\$ 710,971 25,218 0 <u>\$ 736,189</u>	\$ 720,549 18,046 0 <u>\$ 738,595</u>	\$ 115,241 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 115,241</u>	\$ 177,436 10,653 0 \$ 188,089
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	F \$ 0 <u>4,180</u> <u>4,180</u>	\$	\$0 0	\$0 <u>2,408</u> 2,408	\$0 <u>12,227</u> 12,227	\$ 0 <u>19,766</u> 19,766	\$0 <u>17,943</u> 17,943	\$ 0 0	\$0 0
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow of resources	<u> </u>	0	0 0	<u>5,577</u> 5,577	10,531 10,531	25,784 25,784	<u> </u>	0 0	10,660 10,660
Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	0 <u>891,259</u> 891,259	0 44,546 44,546	0 0	0 267,152 267,152	0 <u>515,173</u> <u>515,173</u>	0 <u>690,639</u> <u>690,639</u>	0 712,335 712,335	0 115,241 115,241	0 <u>177,429</u> 177,429
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity	<u>\$ 910,677</u>	<u>\$ 49,293</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$_275,137</u>	<u>\$ 537,931</u>	<u>\$_736,189</u>	<u>\$ 738,595</u>	<u>\$ 115,241</u>	<u>\$188,089</u>

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Revenue Sharing	Election Consolidation	County Boat License Fund	Snowmobile	T.A.R.C. Grant	Board of Comm. <u>Guardians</u>	Federal Drug Seizures	Juvenile Correction Act Funds	Tobacco Tax Grant
ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ 9,203 0 <u>15,000</u> <u>\$ 24,203</u>	\$ 464,200 0 <u>0</u> \$ 464,200	\$ 94,359 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 94,359</u>	\$ 145,571 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 145,571</u>	\$ 0 0 <u>\$ 0</u> \$	\$ 2,250 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 2,250</u>	\$ 82,793 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 82,793</u>	\$ 84,135 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 84,135</u>	\$ 2,212 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 2,212</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW RESOURCES AND FUND EQUIT Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities		\$0 <u>7,039</u> 7,039	\$0 <u>13,635</u> 13,635	\$0 0	\$ 0 <u>4,800</u> 4,800	\$0 20 20	\$0 0 0	\$0 <u>1,060</u> 0	\$ 0 2,212 2,212
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow Of resources	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0
Fund balance Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	0 24,203 24,203	0 457,161 457,161	0 80,724 80,724	0 145,571 145,571	0 (4,800) (4,800)	0 2,230 2,230	0 <u>82,793</u> 82,793	0 83,075 83,075	0 0
Total liabilities, deferred inflov resources and fund equity	v of \$ 24,203	<u>\$ 464,200</u>	<u>\$ 94,359</u>	<u>\$ 145,571</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 2,250</u>	<u>\$ 82,793</u>	<u>\$ 84,135</u>	<u>\$ 2,212</u>

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Boat Grant Waterways Match	Asat 2016	R.S.A.T. Grant	Invasive Check Station	S.U.D Funds	Scaap	Ohv Law Enforcement	Bcp Basic Safehouse Grant	Restorative Alternative Program
ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ 83,055 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 83,055</u>	\$ 0 0 <u>\$ 0</u> <u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0 0 <u>\$ 0</u> <u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 4,074 0 0 <u>\$ 4,074</u>	\$ 0 0 <u>\$ 0</u> <u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 9,838 0 <u> 0</u> <u>\$ 9,838</u>	\$ 11,668 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 11,668</u>	\$ 0 0 <u>0</u> <u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0 0 <u>\$ 0</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 0 1,172 1,172	\$	\$ 31,285 734 32,019	\$0 148 148	\$ 1,957 <u>476</u> 2,433	\$0 0 0	\$0 7 7	\$ 11,632 	\$0 0
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow Of resources	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0
Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	0 <u>81,883</u> 81,883	0 (<u>5,058)</u> (<u>5,058</u>)	0 (<u>32,019)</u> (<u>32,019</u>)	0 <u>3,926</u> <u>3,926</u>	0 {	0 9,838 9,838	0 <u>11,661</u> <u>11,661</u>	0 (<u>12,385)</u> (<u>12,385</u>)	0 0 0
Total liabilities, inflow of resources and fund equity	<u>\$ 83,055</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 4,074</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 9,838</u>	<u>\$11,668</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Off	tatus ender vices		seum ants	Accour	venile Itability Irants	Par Grai		. <u> </u>	Sfp Twin Falls		igth Fam (Burley)	Cour	istrict t Capital eserve	G <u>.T.F.A</u>	. <u></u>		S.O.R. Sheriff
ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0		150,000 0 <u>0</u> 150,000	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	67,168 0 <u>0</u> 67,168
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	0 0 0	\$ 	0 <u>5,597</u> 5,597	\$ 	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	\$	5,125 1,517 6,642	\$	4,803 <u>18</u> 4,821	\$	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	\$ 	0 68 68
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow Of resources		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u> 0		<u>0</u> 0		0		<u> </u>		<u>0</u> 0		<u>0</u>		<u> </u>
Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity		0 0 0	!	0 <u>5,597</u>) <u>5,597</u>)		0 0 0		0 0 0	{=	0 <u>6,642</u>) <u>6,642</u>)	{	0 <u>4,821)</u> 4,821)		0 <u>150,000</u> 150,000		0 0 0	2 	0 <u>67,100</u> 67,100
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	150,000	<u>s</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	67,168

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		Jag rant	Do	eriff nation Fund	Drug	eriff Seizure Ioney		Court -Odyssey 2015	Co	urt Bonds 2015	Re	stitution 2015	Drug	cutor's Seizure Ioney		CRT acility Fund	E	heriff's vidence ist Fund
ASSETS Cash Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 0 0	\$ <u>\$</u>	419 0 0 419	\$ <u>\$</u>	79,135 0 <u>0</u> 79,135	\$ <u>\$</u>	255,074 0 <u>0</u> 255,074	\$ <u>\$</u>	275,453 0 0 275,453	\$ <u>\$</u>	34,823 0 <u>0</u> 34,823		105,767 0 <u>0</u> 105,767		399,923 0 <u>0</u> 399,923	\$ <u>\$</u>	28,014 0 0
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 	0 0 0	s	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	\$ 	0 <u>1,886</u> 1,886	\$	0 6,592 6,592	\$	0 17,208 17,208	s 	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow Of resources		<u>0</u> 0		<u>0</u>		0 0		<u>0</u> 0		<u>0</u>		<u> </u>		0		<u>0</u>		<u>0</u> 0
Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity		0 0 0	; ;	0 419 419		0 <u>79,135</u> 79,135		0 <u>253,188</u> 253,188		0 <u>268,861</u> 268,861	_	0 <u>17,615</u> 17,615		0 <u>105,767</u> 105,767		0 <u>399,923</u> 399,923		0 014 28,014
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity	<u>s</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	419	<u>s</u>	79,135	<u>\$</u>	255,074	<u>\$</u>	275,453	<u>\$</u>	34,823	<u>s</u>	<u>105,767</u>	<u>\$</u>	399,923	<u>\$</u>	28,014

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ASSETS	Trus	secutor's t-Seizure Fund		th Plate		Sheriff Vests		osecutor Drug oursement	Pro	proner operty und	Cat	eteria_	Cou	win Falls nty Sheriff Search & Rescue	Pr	uvenile obation laneous		win Falls County surance
Cash	\$	2,541	\$	3,702	\$	0		172,832	\$	175	\$	0	\$	53,496	\$	60,363	\$	250,870
Property taxes receivable		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Accounts receivable Total assets		2,541	<u>e</u>	3,702		0		172,832	e	<u> </u>	-	0	-	<u>0</u>	-	0	-	0
i otal assets	2	2,941	<u>*</u>	3,102	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1/2,032	<u>*</u>	1/5	<u>~</u>	¥	<u> </u>	53,496	2	60,363	<u></u>	250,870
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities						2 000						7.045						
Cash deficit Accounts payable	÷	0 378	Ş	0	>	3,006 13,858	\$	0 312	\$	0	\$	7,215	\$	0 <u>6,734</u>	\$	0 2,929	\$	0
Total liabilities	_	378		Ö		16,864		312		2	_	7,215		6,734	-	2,929		0
Deferred inflow of resources Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow	; 	0		0		<u> </u>		0	50 	0		0		<u>0</u>		0)8	0
Of resources	-	0	_	0		0	_	0	_	0	<u> </u>	0	a:	0	<u>.</u>	0		0
Fund equity Designated Undesignated Total fund equity	_	0 <u>2,163</u> 2,163		0 <u>3,702</u> <u>3,702</u>	!	0 <u>16,864</u>) 		0 <u>172,520</u> 172.520	_	0 <u>173</u> 173	: : :	0 <u>7,215</u>) 7,215)		0 <u>46,762</u> 46,762		0 <u>57,434</u> 57,434	_	0 250,870 250,870
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund equity	<u>\$</u>	2,541	<u>s</u>	3,702	<u>s</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	172,832	<u>\$</u>	175	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>s</u>	53,496	<u>\$</u>	60,363	<u>\$</u>	250,870

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ASSETS Cash		/ICDVVA rant0		Problem Solving <u>Courts</u> 286,802		llenium <u>1 Projects</u> 101,310	<u> </u>	District ourt CAO 115,945		District burt FCS 108,619		Sheriff's Grants 16,099	5	Total
Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Total assets	\$	0	5	0 0 286,802	<u>s</u>	0 0 101,310	<u>s</u>	0 0 115,945	<u>\$</u>	0 0 108,619	<u>\$</u>	0 0 16,099	5	85,292 <u>15,000</u> 7,128,043
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities Cash deficit	F 5	13,149	s	a	s	0	s	0	s	0	s	0	\$	83,233
Accounts payable Total liabilities Deferred inflow of resources	_	468 13,617	_	23,760 23,760	_	0	_	0	_	<u>11,164</u> 11,164		<u>380</u> 380	_	<u>186,195</u> 269,428
Unavailable revenue Property tax Total deferred inflow Of resources		0		<u> </u>		<u>0</u>		0		0		0	_	76,108
Fund equity Designated Undesignated	,	0 13,617)		0 263,042		0 101,310		0	<u>.</u>	0 97,455	-	0 15,719		76,108 0 6,782,507
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of	;	<u>13,617</u>)	3	263,042	_	101,310		115,945		97,455		15,719	_	6,782,507
resources and fund equity	<u>s</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	286,802	<u>\$</u>	101,310	<u>\$</u>	115,945	<u>\$</u>	108,619	<u>\$</u>	16,099	5	7,128,043

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Tort	Safe Place	Twin Falls County Extension	Weeds	Parks and <u>Recreation</u>	Ad Valorem	District Court	Court Interlock Device	Public Health
Revenues Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	\$ 668,24 3,73 64,69 736,56	2 0 0 0 0 266,302 0 23,050 3 73,217	0 0 0	\$ 248,044 1,327 0 3,228 0 <u>32,380</u> 284,979	\$ 444,581 2,654 0 77,550 <u>5,632</u> 530,417	\$ 1,108,989 6,119 0 0 0 <u>0</u> 1,115,108	\$ 373,438 1,935 0 396,543 0 <u>35,480</u> 807,396	\$0 0 0 <u>11,020</u> 11,020	\$ 465,657 2,577 0 0 0 0 468,234
Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	653,711	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 431,162 0 <u>0</u>	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 313,635 0 0 <u>0</u> <u>313,635</u>	0 0 0 <u>495,524</u> <u>495,524</u>	1,142,932 0 0 0 0 <u>0</u> 1,142,932	0 0 675,008 0 <u>0</u> 675,008	0 0 5,866 0 0 5,866	0 0 466,457 <u>0</u> 466,457
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	82,950) (68,593) 176	(28,656)	34,893	(27,824)	132,388	5,154	1,777
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	() 0 <u>0</u> 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCE OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	S 82,950) (68,593	176	(28,656)	34,893	(27,824)	132,388	5,154	1,777
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	808,309	113,139	(176)	295,808	480,280	718,463	579,947	110,087	175,652
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u>\$ 891,259</u>	<u>\$ 44,546</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 267,152</u>	<u>\$ 515,173</u>	<u>\$ 690,639</u>	<u>\$ 712,335</u>	<u>\$ 115,241</u>	<u>\$ 177,429</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Revenu Sharing		County Boat License on Fund	Snowmobile	T.A.R.C. Grant	Board of Comm. <u>Guardians</u>	Federal Drug Seizures	Juvenile Correction Act Funds	Tobacco Tax Grant
Revenue				19		G.			
Property taxes	\$	0 \$	0 \$ 0	\$ (\$0	\$ O	\$0	\$0
Penalties and interest		0	0 0			0	0	0	0
Sales tax		0 171,72				0	0	0	0
Licenses, fines and fees		0	0 104,083	30,22		0	0	0	0
Grants	15,0		0 0		20,000	0	2,301	149,412	213,317
Other		0 223,73	<u>32</u> 0			0	0	0	0
Total revenues	15,0	00 395,44	51 104,083		20,000	0	2,301	149,412	213,317
Expenditures									
General government	14,3	60 325,0	19 0) 0	0	0	0	0
Public safety		0	0 0		46,903	280	56,979	0	0
Public works		0	0 0			0	0	0	0
Judicial		0	0 0		0	0	0	118,459	233,286
Welfare		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
Cultural and recreation		0	0 69,689	21,14	i 0	0	0	0	0
Total expenditures	14,3	60 325,0	19 69,689	21,14	46,903	280	56,979	118,459	233,286
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	6	40 70,44	12 34,394	9,076	i (26,903)	(280)	(54,678)	30,953	(19,969)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		0	0 0			0	0	0	20,616
Transfers out	-	0	0 0		0	0	0	(0
Total other financing									
sources (uses)		0	00		0	0	0	(20,616)	20,616
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURC OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		40 70,44	12 34,394	9,076	i (26,903)	(280)	(54,678)	10,337	647
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	23,5	63 386,71	1946,330	136,49	22,103	2,510	137,471	72,738	(647)
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u>\$ 24,2</u>	<u>03 \$ 457,16</u>	<u>\$ 80,724</u>	<u>\$ 145,571</u>	(<u>\$ 4,800</u>)	<u>\$ 2,230</u>	<u>\$ 82,793</u>	<u>\$ 83,075</u>	<u>\$0</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Boat Gra Waterwa Match		R.S.A.T. Grant	Invasive Check Station	S.U.D Funds	<u>Scaap</u>	Ohv Law Enforcement	Bcp Basic Safehouse Grant	Restorative Alternative Program
Revenue Property taxes Penalties and interest Sales tax Licenses, fines and fees Grants Other Total revenues	\$ 43,2 43,2	0 174,777	0 0 72,384 0 11,842	\$ 98,3 98,3	0 0	\$0 0 13,714 <u>0</u> 13,714	\$ 0 0 9,544 0 <u>0</u> 9,544	\$0 0 78,638 <u>0</u> 78,638	\$ 0 0 0 8,150 0 8,150
Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Judicial Welfare Cultural and recreation Total expenditures	<u> </u>			99,2	0 15,411 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 13,017 0 0 0 <u>0</u> 13,017	0 13,450 0 0 0 0 13,450	0 91,023 0 0 0 0 91,023	0 0 1,700 0 0 1,700
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURC OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	12,5 ES 12,5		0 0 0		37) (622) 0 0 0 <u>0</u> 0 <u>0</u> 37) (622)	0 0	(3,906) 0 <u>0</u> 0 (3,906)	0 0	6,450 0 0 0 6,450
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018 Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u> </u>	<u>53</u> (<u>42,627</u>)) (4,977)	<u>4,7</u>	<u>33</u> (<u>1,811</u>)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(<u>\$ 12,385</u>)	6,450 (<u>6,450</u>) <u>\$0</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Off	tatus ender vices	Museum <u>Grants</u>		Juvenile Accountability Grants	Park <u>Grants</u>		Sfp Twin Falls	F	Strength Fam Pro (Burley)	C	ict Court apital eserve	<u>G.1</u>	Г. F.A.T.C.		S.O.R. Sheriff
Revenue																
Property taxes	\$	0	\$	0 \$	6 0	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Penalties and interest		0		0	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
Sales tax		0		0	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
Licenses, fines and fees		140		0	0	69,028		0		0		0		0		19,302
Grants		0		0	0	0		21,298		0		0		0		0
Other		0		0	0	20,602		0		0		0		0		163
Total revenues	in 	140		0	0	89,630		21,298		0		0		0	-	19,465
Expenditures																
General government		0		0	0	0		0		0		0		261		0
Public safety		Ő		ō	Ō	Ő		õ		õ		Ō		0		14,149
530 blic works		Ō		0	Ō	ō		ō		ō		Ō		Ō		0
Judicial		97		0	5,765	0		Ó		Ō		Ó		Ō		Ō
Welfare		0		0	0	0		22,918		4,821		0		0		0
Cultural and recreation		0		0	0	89,630		0		0		0		0		0
Total expenditures	-	97	-	0	5,765	89,630		22,918	-	4,821		0		261		14,149
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		43		0 (5,765)	0	(1,620)	(4,821)		0	(261)		5,316
Other financing sources (uses)																
Transfers in		0		0	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
Transfers out		0		Ó	0	0		0		0		Ō		Ō		Ō
Total other financing									-	1. 						
sources (uses)		0	-		0	0		0	-	0		0		0		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOUR OVER EXPENDITURES AND	CES															
OTHER USES		43		0 (5,765)	0	(1,620)	(4,821)		0	(261)		5,316
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	(43) (5,5	97) _	5,765	0	(5,022)	-	0		150,000	-	261		61,784
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$ 5,5</u>	<u>97)</u>	<u> 0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	(<u>\$ 6,642</u>)	(<u>\$</u>	4,821)	<u>\$</u>	150,000	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	67,100

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		Jag Grant	Sher Donatio Fund	on	Drug	heriff g Seizure loney	Ody	t Trust ssey)15	Co	urt Bonds 2015	F	Restitution 2015	Dr Sei	cutor's ug zure ney		Facility und	E	iheriff's vidence Trust Fund
Revenue																		
Property taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Penalties and interest		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Sales tax		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Licenses, fines and fees		0		57		10,295		0		318,554		424,564		0	1	22,392		19,602
Grants		12,983		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Other		0		0		9,813		18,914		0		0		10,909		41,621		0
Total revenues		12,983		57		20,108		18,914		318,554	_	424,564		10,909		64,013		19,602
Expenditures																		
General government		0		0		0		0		329,380		0		0		0		0
Public safety		4,298		0		43,784		0		0		0		0		0		0
Public works		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Judicial		0		0		0		0		0		436,706		0		0		10,954
Welfare		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Cultural and recreation		Ó		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total expenditures		4,298		0		43,784		Û		329,380	_	436,706		0	-	0		10,954
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		8,685		57	(23,676)	1	18,914	(10,826)	(12,142)	1	10,909	1	64,013		8,648
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		o		0
Transfers out		0		ŏ		ŏ		0		0		Ň		0		õ		ň
Total other financing	8	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		0	-		-	<u> </u>	-			<u> </u>	-	0
sources (uses)		0		0	-	0		0		0	-	0		0		0		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOUL OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	RCES	8,685		57	(23,676)		18,914	(10,826)	(12,142)	1	10,909	1	64,013		8,648
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	(8,685)		362		102,811	23	4,274	<u></u>	279,687		29,757		4,858	2	35,910	-	19,366
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u>s</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	419	<u>\$</u>	79,135	<u>\$ 2</u> !	53,188	<u>s</u>	268,861	<u>\$</u>	17,615	<u>\$ 10</u>) <u>5,767</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	99,923	<u>\$</u>	28,014

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Prosecut Trust Seizur Fund	•	Sheriff's Youth Plate	_	Sheriff Vests		Prosecutor Drug imbursement	Pr	oroner operty Fund	_0	afeteria_	C-	Twin Falls ounty Sheriff Search & Rescue	Juvenile Probation Mis <u>cellaneous</u>		vin Falls County Isurance
Revenue																
Property taxes	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	6 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
Penalties and interest		0	0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0
Sales tax		0	0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0
Licenses, fines and fees		0	0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0
Grants	22,9	984	940		0		0		0		0		10,000	0		0
Other		0	0		0		54,025		0		157,735		27,004	27,811		Ó
Total revenues	22,9	84	940		0	3 .	54,025	1	0		157,735	<u> </u>	37,004	27,811	-	0
		-				8		-		1						<u> </u>
Expenditures																
General government		0	0		0		0		0		146,170		0	0		0
Public safety		Ō	ō		Ő		60,699		0		0		48,194	0		ō
Public works		ō	Ő		0		0		ő		ň		10,104	ő		ň
Judicial	22,9	184	Ő		0		0		ō		ñ		Ő	14,325		ō
Welfare		0	695		õ		ő		ő		ñ		ō	0		ő
Cultural and recreation		ō	0		Ō		ō		ō		ō		ő	0		ő
Total expenditures	22,9	184	695			1	60,699		0	-	146,170	-	48,194	14,325		0
roual experiences				3		3		-		_	140,170		40,104	14,010		
EXCESS REVENUES OVER																
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		0	245		0	(6,674)		0		11,565	(11,190)	13,486		0
Other financing sources (uses)																
Transfers in		0	0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0
Transfers out		0	0		0		0		0		0		0	0	-	0
Total other financing								5.								
sources (uses)		0	0	_	0	2	0		0		0	_	0	0		0
			×													
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURC OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	ES	0	245		O	(6,674)		0		11,565	(11,190)	13,486		0
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	2,1	63	3,457	(16,864)	-	179,194		173	(18,780)	<u></u>	57,952	43,948		250,870
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	<u>\$ 2,1</u>	63	<u>\$ 3,702</u>	(<u>\$</u>	16,864)	<u>\$</u>	172,520	<u>\$</u>	173	(<u>\$</u>	7,215)	<u>\$</u>	46,762	<u>\$ 57,434</u>	\$	250,870

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Revenue	voc	A/ICDVVA Grant	Se	obiem olving ourts		Millenium Fund Projects	<u>_c</u>	District ourt CAO		District		Sheriff's Grants	1	Total
Property taxes	S	0	s	0		s 0	s	٥	s	0		\$ O	s	3,308,951
Penalties and interest		ő	•	ŏ				Ő		ő		• •		18,343
Sales tax		ō		ō		ō		ŏ		ő		0		171,729
Licenses, fines and fees		Ō		202,523		õ		Ō		ō		ō		2,260,559
Grants		27,051		227,929		0		33,412		Ő		76,633		1,000,949
Other		6,360		103,181		0	222	0		63,734		0		1,174,820
Total revenues		33,411	-	533,633		0		33,412	2. 19	63,734		76,633	_	7,935,351
Expenditures														
General government		0		0		0		0		0		0		2,711,049
Public safety		0		0		0		0		0		59,150		715,812
Public works		0		0		0		0		0		0		313,635
Judicial		0		429,345		232		21,087		51,236		0		2,027,048
Welfare		45,541		0		0		0		0		0		971,594
Cultural and recreation	-	0	-	0		0		0	-	0		0	_	706,678
Total expenditures	3	45,541	-	429,345		232		21,087	-	51,236		59,150		7,445,816
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(12,130)		104,288	(232)		12,325		12,498		19,483		489,535
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in		6,720		0		0		0		0		0		27,336
Transfers out	1 <u>0</u>	0	<u></u>	0		0	-	0	-	0		0	-	20,616)
Total other financing sources (uses)		6,720	-	0		0		0		0		0	_	6,720
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOU OVER EXPENDITURES AND	RCES													
OTHER USES	(5,410)		104,288	(232)		12,325		12,498		19,483		496,255
Fund balance, Oct. 1, 2018	(8,207)		158,754		101,542		103,620		84,957	ſ	3,764)		6,286,252
Fund balance, Sept. 30, 2019	(<u>\$</u>	<u>13,617</u>)	5	263,042		<u>\$ 101,310</u>	<u>s</u>	115,945	<u>\$</u>	97,455		<u> </u>	5	6,782,507

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of County Commissioners Twin Falls County

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Twin Falls County's with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Twin Falls County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2019 Twin Falls County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Twin Falls County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Twin Falls County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Twin Falls County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Twin Falls County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year September 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Twin Falls County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Twin Falls County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of Twin Falls County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2020, which contained an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance., and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware + associates

Twin Falls, Idaho January 13, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended September 30, 2019

U.S. Department of the Interior	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
Direct Award			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		<u>\$ 1,767,402</u>
Passed through State Historical Society Historic Preservation Fund Grants			16,026
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			1,783,427
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed through Idaho Health and Welfare			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2016-VA-GX-0060	20,202
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners	16.593	2016-RT-BX-0013	28,685
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners		2017-RT-BX-0038	41,706
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners	16.593	2018-RT-BX-0034	30,678
			101,069
Direct Award			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0274	1,862
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Edward Burne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-0758	8.150
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16,738	2016-DJ-BX-0758	74,169
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0758	98,222
ander den war die Orich 🖝 in zustand waar waar een statie van verstag waar voor die Provinsie gewonder die			182,403
Passed through Idaho State Police			
Adam Walsh Act Implementation Grant Program	16.750	2017-AW-BX-0040	20,412
Total U.S. Department of Justice			324,086
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through Idaho Department Transportation			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		15,914
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		7,256
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			23,170

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Twin Falls County, State of Idaho

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

Year ended September 30, 2018

-	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Office of Drug Police Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services	93.243	1H79SP080981-01	\$ 8,036
Direct Award Basic Center Grant	93.623	90CY6965-01-00	91,023
Passed through State Dept of Health & Welfare Family Violence Protection	93.671	G1701IDFVPS	8,609
Passed through State Office of Drug Policy Block Grants for Prevention & Treatment of Substance Abus	e 93.959		21,298
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			128,966
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through Idaho Department of Parks & Recreation Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	14.01.16	18,909
Passed through Idaho Military Division Emergency Management Performance Grants Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042 97.042	EMS2017EPOOOO3 EMS2018EPOOOO3	3,649 <u>34,266</u> <u>37,915</u>
Homeland Security Grant Homeland Security Grant	97.067 97.067	EMW2017SS00028 EMW2018SS00054	1,123 93,913 95,036
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			151,860
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Idaho Supt. of Public Instruction			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	201919IN109947	7,404
National School Lunch Program	10.555	201919IN109947	13,262
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			20,666
			<u>\$ 2,432,175</u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended September 30, 2019

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Twin Falls County for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported inn the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed at September 30, 2019.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in 2 CFR 200.414.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2019

SECTION 1 - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls County.

Internal control over financial reporting:

٠	Material weakness(es) identified?	 yes	<u> </u>	no
٠	Reportable condition(s) identified that are			
	not considered to be material weaknesses?	 yes	_X	none reported

- 2. Noncompliance material to financial statements _____ yes _X__ no
- 3. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Twin Falls County expresses and unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.

Internal	control	over	major	programs:
----------	---------	------	-------	-----------

	Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<u> </u>	no
•	Reportable condition(s(identified that are				
	not considered to be material weaknesses?	1.00	yes	X	none reported

4. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on compliance for major programs on general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls County.

Any audit findings disclosed that are required			
to be reported in accordance with section			
2 CFR 200.516(a).	yes	<u> </u>	no

5. The programs tested as major programs include:

CFDA		
Numbers	Name of Federal Program	
15.226	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended September 30, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS - CONTINUED

- 6. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 750,000.
- 7. The Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? _____ yes ____ no

SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings and Reportable Conditions: No matters were reported

Condition:	None
Effect:	Not Applicable
Recommendation:	Not Applicable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Questioned Cost: No matters were reported

Condition:	None
Effect:	Not Applicable
Findings :	None
Recommendation:	Not Applicable
Current Status:	Not Applicable

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended September 30, 2019

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Findings:

None

Condition: Recommendation: Current Status: Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable OTHER INFORMATION

